REPUBLICAN PRESS.

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THE REPUBLICAN PRESS.

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A. J. THATCHER, - - Editor and Manager.

THE REPUBLICAN PRESS.

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L. W. BARCOCK, Secretary.

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W. I. BAILY, Foreman,
S. J. MATHEWS, Secretary.

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E. H. WELLS, Recorder.

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DENTIST
OFFICE: In new Marks' building.

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UKIAH, CAL.
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UKIAH CITY, CAL.
OFFICE—Corner of School and Perkins streets, Masonic Hall building.

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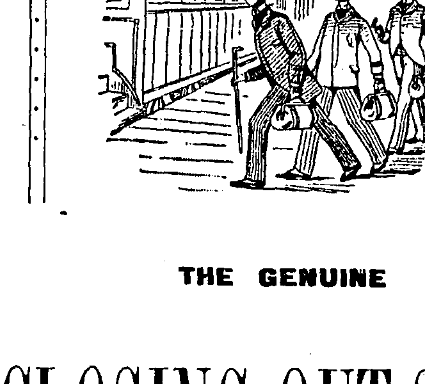

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TWO MORE WEEKS

☞ Now is the time to get BARGAINS is you want to save money—the last chance you will get. Don't delay, but come at once, as the stock is fast decreasing.

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☞ All Stages arrive at and depart from the Grand Hotel. Free 'bus and Free baggage.

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The only First-class Hotel in the City.
Rates Reasonable.

Best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.

☞ If you sit around long enough, and the bar-keeper feels good natured he may treat.

THE ✻ REPUBLICAN ✻ PRESS,

Only $2.50 Per Annum.

UNWHOLESOME MEAT.

DECOMPOSED AND PUTRID FLESH IS DANGEROUS FOOD.

How to Detect Meat That Is "Gone." The Indians and Greenlanders Prefer Putrid Meat, and Good Meat Makes Them Sick.

The primary necessity of a healthy body is food, which should be of appropriate kind and, so far as quantity is concerned, adapted to perform its functions in maintaining our bodily form and strength. Poor foods or limited rations in themselves induce disease, or may at least lay the foundations of trouble by under nourishment of the body. But insufficient nourishment is a small matter compared with the injury wrought by food which is itself diseased or which from any cause is rendered capable of producing illness through chemical or physical changes. A single example will serve to show the danger from this source. Meat is liable to undergo chemical changes, such as decomposition and putrefaction, and is frequently sold in a diseased state. We will consider the character of flesh fit for human use. To start with, flesh is firm to the touch and fat partakes of the same character. If it be moist or have a sodden appearance, due to the presence of excessive moisture, suspicion should be aroused as to its character. One point of importance in satisfying oneself respecting sound meat consists in noting the absence of specks of blood dotting the meat fibres and found in the substance of the flesh. Such is due to effusion of blood from the muscle and arises usually from diseases of an inflammatory nature. In no case is fat of good meat speckled with these points. Then, good meat has muscle and fat intermingled and exhibits what is commonly termed a marble appearance. This feature is especially noticeable in the flesh of animals which have been well fed. The color of good meat is neither too pale nor too dark. In young animals the flesh is paler than in older ones, as veal, for instance. A dark color indicates blood in the tissues, and if a healthy animal is killed and properly treated this superfluous blood is of necessity absent.

On close examination the fibres are of ordinary size. Large, coarse fibres or bundles of fibres indicate meat of poor quality and should excite suspicion that the flesh is not all right. No fluid, so to speak, should appear between the fibres, and any yellowish matter or fluid is sufficient to condemn the meat as unhealthy. The odor of fresh meat is familiar to every housewife and is not disagreeable. Any deviation from this should attract attention. When the odor is of a compromising nature putrefaction has set in, or if the meat is fresh so far as killing is concerned, a bad odor indicates existence of disease which causes premature decomposition.

To test—Chop a portion of the suspected meat into small pieces and saturate with warm water. If the odor is intensified all doubts are confirmed. Sometimes a skewer is thrust deep into the meat and smelt on being withdrawn. Fresh meat has no superabundance of juice and has a reddish color. Good meat juice has an acid reaction and turns blue litmus paper—which can be got at any drug store, red. Where meat is diseased the juice is either alkaline or neutral, that is, it does not affect blue litmus paper or turn red litmus paper blue. When salt meat is tested the brine should be neutral and not exhibit any sourness. When meat is cut with a knife the resistence should be equal. In decomposing meat it is unequal, owing to decomposition advancing at a varying rate in the mass of the flesh. When meat is condemned by an inspector large quantities are thrown away which might be eaten with safety. But meat inspectors are needed to prevent unwholesome food from reaching the public markets. Cooking complicates the question of determining healthy meat, as good cooking destroys much unwholesomeness, as in the case of parasites. Heat sufficient to cook serves to destroy these injurious forms of life. Sir Robert Christison in his classic work on "Poisons" says to those who are not accustomed to the use of tainted meat the mere commencement of decay is sufficient to render meat insupportable and noxious. "Game," he adds, "only decayed enough to please the palate of the epicure has caused severe cholera in persons not accustomed to eat it in that state."

The influence of habit appears to modify very powerfully the effects produced by eating putrid meat. As an example, the Indians of this continent prefer their meat putrid and frequently keep it until it smells so strongly as to be disgusting. The Greenlanders bury the heads and fins of seals in summer under the grass and in winter under the snow and the flesh when putrid is eaten with great relish. However, this is no proof that such food is not injurious to persons accustomed to our mode of life and when those unaccostomed to good meat eat it they suffer very severe illness caused by the condition of their system. The ailments produced by putrid meat are such as diarrhœa, vomiting and low fever. The use of sausage has frequently been attended by disease. In Wurtenburg alone, during the last fifty years, no less than 400 cases of poisoning from German sausages have been reported. Of these 140 were fatal. A certain proportion of such cases may doubtless have been due to the presence of parasites, such as trichina. But the liability of these foods to injure health through their being made from meat which has "gone" is great. These characteristics can readily be concealed when made into sausages and should be kept clear in mind. Unless the quality of sausages can be guaranteed it is safest to avoid such forms of food entirely.

A. A. CUNNINGHAM.

THE OLD MISSION FRUITS.

They Are Among the Most Valuable On the Coast.

It is well known to all pioneers on this Coast that the early Jesuit missionaries introduced and grew fruits extensively entirely by irrigation. History tells us that the first product ever exported from the California Coast was wine, from Lower California in 1707. It was probably made from our now well known Mission grape. The first mission on California soil was established by Junipero Serra, who may be considered the father of California horticulture, at San Diego. So far as can be learned no attempt was made to produce crops or fruits without irrigation even in the most northern established settlement at San Jose, where there was an orchard of fifteen acres or more in grapes and fruits of many varieties. Varieties of nearly all our present fruits were grown in abundance.

When the priests were deposed from political power there were 517 olive trees at the San Diego mission. It is on record that so much olive oil was made at some of the missions that a large surplus beyond what was needed for other purposes was needed in the manufacture of soap. San Fernando had 1,600 and San Gabriel 2,333 fruit trees when the missions lost their political power. Thus was our horticulture born with irrigation as its corner stone and foundation. And this stone, rejected by some of the later builders, seems destined to become the chief stone again. The fruits of Southern California, Arizona, Nevada, Eastern Oregon and Washington and even Idaho will, with the use of stored waters, in time assume an important place in the markets of the world. Especially with dried fruits, for it goes without saying that where water is necessary to grow fruit the sun will dry it well and cheaply. Those old Franciscans were good gardeners and pomologists.

Our well known mission grape is an example of their horticultural judgment, for it remains to this day the most valuable grape we have—a sort of survival of the fittest. It makes a fine amber white wine, a mild claret, a sweet wine—all suiting the American palate better than the rougher clarets. The grape has no mean culinary properties, is one of very best table grapes and a good shipper. The vine is a strong, healthy grower, reaching great size and age and is enormously productive and suited to various soils. Like many old but excellent things it was nearly crowded to the wall by glittering newcomers with long and unpronouncable foreign names. Yet it is strongly establishing itself again both in the favor of the grower and the wine maker. And if an edict should be proclaimed today that all grape varieties should be destroyed but one, and left to a popular vote to designate that one, the Mission grape would receive a large plurality if not a majority vote. True, its origin cannot now be traced. No grape has been found in any country nearly like it. It may have been the best produced from hundreds or thousands of seeds sown by the mission fathers. Or it may have been a variety imported from Europe, where it was long since discarded and lost but finding a more congenial home here it flourished. The early shipment of this grape east gave the people a taste of this Coast's fruit and did much to settle up the state.

The mission fathers also introduced the olive and showed the same good judgment in the selection of varieties. It is now well determined that there are at least seven varieties of the Mission olive, so called, all nearly alike. These olives belong to a class or family which is first class both for oil and pickling. The trees are strong growers, hardy, healthy and productive. And though scores of famed varieties have in late years been introduced from the more advanced olive growing regions of the Old World, the old Mission is still a leader and seems likely to so remain. Like the Mission grape, these olives can be found nowhere else. They are therefore Californians—N. S. G. W.

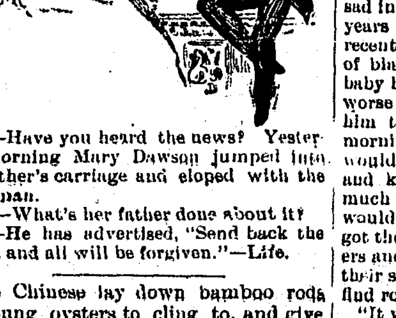
The same facts would be true in detail of the one fig that has survived from those old mission gardeners and now known everywhere as the California Black or Mission fig. It is one of the very best figs for all purposes. Its color, which is black or very dark purple, alone keeps it from occupying a very high place in the market as a dried fig. This is mere sentiment and simply because the most generally and best known to commerce—the Smyrna—is white or light colored. The Mission rightly dried is superior to all except the genuine Smyrna, and is by many thought to equal that. The tree is among the very hardiest, strongest growers, healthy and the most productive of all the fig varieties and adapted to a wide range of soils. It can be grown nearly everywhere on this Coast where the winters are not too severe. In the rich, warm interior valleys the tree grows very fast and to a great size and ripens two or three immense crops each season. It is suited to a great number of economical uses and not as yet one-tenth appreciated and utilized as it should and will be. It is a rich nutritious fruit for man, beast or fowl. Crops are as regular as the seasons.

We also fall heir to one other plant from the mission gardens that yet holds a place, a beautiful rose. Also the beautiful waving palms of our gardens are monuments and reminders that our true pioneers were gardeners and not mere seekers after gold.

How About the Apple.

Everyone of our fruits on this Coast has been boomed except the honest old apple. Let us have some facts about it. Let us hear the greatest number of bushels taken from a tree in one season. The most money received from the crop of one tree for a season. The greatest amount sold from an acre for five or any number of years. If true facts are brought out the apple will not be behind the orange peach or other fruit in the long run. Give the apple a little boom.

What He Wanted.



He—Have you heard the news? Yesterday morning Mary Dawson jumped into her father's carriage and eloped with the coachman.

She—What's her father done about it?

He—He has advertised, "Send back the horses and all will be forgiven."—Life.

The Chinese lay down bamboo rods for young oysters to cling to, and give them no special attention. When a fair number are mature, they pick up the rods and carry large and small to market, without separating them from the rods.

The day of the ignoramus is over forever! There is no longer any room for him in civilized lands, except in the kinds of work that no one likes to do, and even from them he is sure to be driven at last.

Cleanliness in Shaving.

Notwithstanding that the subject has recently given rise to some discussion in the daily press, there can be no reasonable doubt as to the causation of parasitic sycosis, and the frequent responsibility of barbers for its propagation. We will not deny that the disease may occasionally arise from accidental contact other than that of infected soap and brush. Its close connection with these, however, is affirmed by the evidence of a common and persistent sequence of events

We need not dwell upon the tenacity with which it clings to the hair of the face, nor will we examine the methods used by the dermatologist for its destruction. Sanitary cleanliness is here better than any remedy. We are advised to shave ourselves, to avoid the cheap barber, to use precautions with brushes and the like. Perhaps the advice first given would prove the best, but the professional operator is to many persons indispensable.

The truest wisdom for one's self in such a case is clearly to use due care in selecting a barber. Whatever he is not, he must be clean and careful. It should not be forgotten that there are possible safeguards well within the reach of this class of tradesmen which a customer may fairly exact for his own security as part of the common law of shaving. These include the use of perfectly fresh water and soap, or preferably shaving cream, as admitting of exclusive use, a clean brush and a clean razor for each person shaved.

We should also advise, as a further but not superfluous precaution, that instruments after washing be dipped in some convenient antiseptic solution. Such measures as these require but little time to carry them out. They are needful inorder to insure immunity from contagion, and the poorest will find them worth a small addition to the barber's fee.—London Lancet.

"Our Baby."

She was a tiny little girl, with dirty, sun tanned hair, a blue calico dress and bare feet. She carried in her arms a baby half as large as herself, and the baby was so heavy that it sagged down in the middle, giving the infant the appearance of being held by the feet and nape of the neck. There was some excitement around the corner of the next block on Wash street, and the children were hurrying forward like mad from all directions. The little girl tried to run, but the baby was too heavy, and her breath gave out. Said I, in a spirit of badinage:

"Drop the baby, sis, and go see what the trouble is."

She stopped and stared at me.

"I say, put the baby down on the side walk and run."

"Yer must take me fer a fool, mister."

"Why?"

"'Cos this is our baby."

"Well, suppose it is. I'll stay here and watch it for you."

"No, yer won't, mister. Yer might carry it off."

"What if I did! Ain't you tired carrying it around and making your back ache?"

"Naw, I ain't. Say, mister, this is the only little baby we've got, and if yer only knowed how she can crow and laugh yer wouldn't want me to do no such thing. This baby hain't got no ma 'cept me, and pa and me couldn't do 'thout her. She sets up in a high chair at the table and crows and kicks while me and pa eats, and at night I rock her to sleep like ma used to do. When ma died the baby didn't know no better, but just laughed and hollered, and I cried so I couldn't keep her still. Put her down on the sidewalk! Fool killer 'll git you, mister, ef you stay around here long."—St. Louis Republic.

In the House of Commons.

"My dear sir," observed the great man to me as he lit another cigarette, "you must understand that nothing is as it used to be here. Times are changed; so are manners; so is the shape of people's hats. Look at that fellow, Milkpot, who is passing us now—observe that monstrosity he has on his head, a Mexican sombrero, fit for the pampas or the mountains—who would have dreamed of entering the house of commons wearing such a thing in Lord Palmerston's time? Look at the brim, sir. It spreads over the terrace like an awning. Milkpot might hold a tea party under it. That shows what is going on.

"We don't even dress like gentlemen any more. A man may do anything nowadays and no one will think the worse of him. It used to be an understood thing that divisions should not be sprung upon us in the dinner hour, or at other unseemly times, and consequently we could go away comfortably and dine without fear of coming back and finding the ship scuttled. But now we are obliged to be here all through a sitting—we dare not leave the place, even for ten minutes.

"Well, we cannot always be stuck on the treasury bench, like so many enchanted apes, and if we go into the library somebody is sure to be after us with a question, or a deputation, or a request which is utterly irregular, not to say disgusting. So you see it has become necessary to provide each of us with a room. A lot of servants and clerks have been turned out of this part of the house, and here we are in their places. Come in, and I will show you mine."—Macmillan's Magazine.

Woman Swallowed by a Snake.

The steamship Oceanic, which has arrived in San Francisco from Hong Kong and Yokohama, brings copies of a native paper called Kokkai, which publishes a remarkable story of a monster serpent.

It says that a man called Noemura Tahichi, twenty-five years of age, went out with his wife, Otora, who was forty-eight, to pursue his usual avocation of tree cutting in Kushitamura, province of Bamba. The husband and wife separated at a place called Mastu Yama.

Shortly afterward, while engaged felling a tree, Tahichi thought he heard his wife cry out. Running to the place, he was horrified to find that a huge snake, described as being three feet in circumference, had Otora's head in his mouth and was engaged in swallowing her, despite her struggles. Tahichi ran off to the hamlet and summoned seven or eight of his neighbors, who, when they reached the scene of the catastrophe, found that the snake had swallowed the woman as far as her feet, and was slowly making its way to its home. They were too much terrified to touch it, and it finally effected its escape unmolested.

The province of Lamba is one of the most desolate in Japan, and monster reptiles and wild animals are frequently killed there.

Death's Infantile Harvest.

"The hot weather, so terrible in its effects on infant children, reminds me of a sad incident in my own experience several years ago," said a well known physician recently. "One afternoon during a spell of blazing July weather I noticed that my baby boy seemed ailing He was so much worse at night that I told my wife to take him to Cape May the first thing in the morning, and that in the meantime I would carry him out to Gray's Ferry bridge and keep him there all night to get as much fresh air as possible. I thought I would be alone on the bridge, but when I got there I found it so crowded with mothers and fathers who had come there with their sick little ones that I could scarcely find room for my baby carriage.

"It was an awful torrid night. I know that a number of babies died on the bridge before morning, and that many a mother carried away her little one either to have it die on the way home or soon after reaching there. Never before did I realize the sufferings of the poor in the crowded city during a hot summer. When the morning light came at last we hastened away with the little fellow to the seashore, but it was too late. The city heat had done its work, and the next day he died."—Philadelphia Record.

FASHIONS

THE NEW MILLINERY.

Fashionable Shapes in Fall and Winter Hats—Notes About Trimmings.

Many of the new models are trimmed with ostrich feathers, and there is an abundance of bright and lovely color to compensate for the loss of flowers.

The Gainsborough hat, trimmed with a wealth of feathers, promises to be one of the leading shapes of the season. The comfortable toque holds its own, and the tricorn is such a becoming shape that it remains in favor still. The boat shape, slightly varied, is another favorite. Some of the wide brimmed felts have jet crowns, and jet swords and pins appear to be fashionable ornaments. Large bows of shot silk and velvet represent the sole ornamentation on some of the new hats. On some hats the bulk of the trimming is placed at the side; on others it is put quite in front. Fruit is seasonable and fashionable trimming, and wheat is much used, intermixed with green velvet on autumn hats.

SOME OF THE NEW FELT HATS.

Brown is a color a la mode, and for winter black and brown furnishes what promises to be a popular combination. The Princess of Wales, who is associated with the quintessence of style and neatness, has given her name to a new felt brown with black feathers. Black hats wear well and remain in favor. In our cut are depicted three new and stylish hats. No. 1 is in gray felt trimmed with green ribbon, a green velvet bandeau is laid on the brim and underneath there is a large green rib bon bow and gray and green wing. No. 2 shows a gray cloth hat to be worn with a cloth suit. It has a torsade of gray velvet outside the brim and yellow wings. At No. 3 is seen a fawn colored felt trimmed with a large fawn ribbon bow and a cluster of shaded ostrich feathers at the back. This also shows the latest French fashion of wearing the veil. The face is entirely inclosed and the net arranged in soft folds beneath the chin. The prettiest veils have a fine silky mesh and are patterned with tiny spots.

Capes for the Demiseason.

Capes represent the fashionable wrap provided for the first chill days of the fall and for driving. For wear with colored dresses black capes of velvet or short napped plush are quite the thing, while embroidered brocades furnish a showier form of wrap Many of these capes are finished with a boa of crinkled, fluffy black fur or of cock's feathers down the front. Cloth in light fawn gray or similar color, lined with black satin and trimmed with black lace around the neck, furnishes the material for some very attractive new capes.

TUDOR CAPE—PARIS CAPE.

Our cut depicts two simple but very becoming specimens of the popular demiseason cape. The Tudor cape, with high gathered shoulders, is studded on the yoke, straight collar and plaits, with large jet cabochons and is lined with shot silk. The graceful Parisian model in gray cheviot, lined with lemon surah, has no ornamentation but the double frilling around the throat, which together with the turned down collar, is edged with silver cord.

Fashionable Opera Cloaks.

Opera cloaks seem to get more gorgeous every season. One doesn't look for novelty in the shape so much as in the color combinations and trimmings. Jewel trimming has been called garish and theatrical, and garish and theatrical it certainly is; but, in spite of all that's been said and written against it, it is still the fashion. That it has survived the fluctuations of two or three seasons proves that the majority of women admire it. Bead trimmings never will go out of style. They are cheaper and much more showy than silk embroideries. Some of the prettiest cloaks are trimmed with gold embroidery and ostrich feathers The feather collars that are now worn form an exquisite background for the head. A smart cloak for a young wearer is made of white box cloth, trimmed with a yoke of gold embroidery.

Early Winter Dresses.

French dresses imported for early winter are new versions of the elaborate corsages and very plain skirts now in favor. Seamless waists, fanciful coats, princess gowns with corselets and bodices trimmed to suggest suspenders, or with a vest, yoke, plastron or guimpe all reappear, each with some fresh touch that makes a difference between the old and the new. Collars are again cut high, and are close rather than flaring. There are many fancy sleeves softly bouffant at the top, and odd sleeves of velvet or silk are again seen in wool gowns. But the leg-o'-mutton sleeves still prevail, whether matching the waist or of different material; and bishop sleeves are made wider than ever, to droop over close cuffs that are usually richly trimmed. —Harper's Bazar.

Jewelry Notes.

Elsie Bee says in Jewelers' Circular: The mosquito ornaments a new stickpin. The body is of small diamonds and the wings of tiny olivines.

Bars and buttons, double buttons and single buttons seem to share favor in sleeve buttons

Combs gold mounted for the back hair copy antique styles and are sprinkled with diamonds and olivines.

Every Man to His Trade.

Jinks (at a variety entertainment)—That fellow in front of us was about the only one who didn't applaud that good old song, "Don't Despise a Man Because He Wears a Ragged Coat." He must be a regular aristocrat, isn't he?

Blinks—Well, I dunno. Maybe he's a tailor.—Good News.

Above the Reach of Danger.

Tenor—It is singular, when I have a cold it destroys my low notes and not all my high ones, which would seem more sensitive.

Lady—Perhaps; but then, they are the most difficult to attack.—Harper's Bazar.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER DISEASE:

Loss of appetite; bad breath; bad taste in the mouth; tongue coated; pain under the shoulder-blade; in the back or side—often mistaken for rheumatism; sour stomach with flatulency and water-brash; indigestion; bowels lax and costive by turns; headache, with dull, heavy sensation; restlessness, with sensation of having left something undone which ought to have been done; fullness after eating; bad temper; blues; tired feeling; yellow appearance of skin and eyes; dizziness, etc.

Not all, but always some of these indicate want of action of the Liver. For

A Safe, Reliable Remedy

that can do no harm and has never been known to fail to do good,

Take Simmons Liver Regulator

—AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC FOR—
Malaria, Bowel Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Kidney Affections, Jaundice, Mental Depression, Colic.

A PHYSICIAN'S OPINION.

"I have been practicing medicine for twenty years and have never been able to put up a vegetable compound that would, like Simmons Liver Regulator, promptly and effectually move the Liver to action, and at the same time aid (instead of weakening) the digestive and assimilative powers of the system."
L. M. HINTON, M. D., Washington, Ark.

ONLY GENUINE

Has our Z Stamp in red on front of wrapper.

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

LONG AGO.

I once knew all the birds that came
And nested in our orchard trees,
For every flower I had a name—
My friends were woodchucks, toads and bees;
I knew where thrived in yonder glen
What plants would soothe a stone bruised toe—
Oh, I was very learned then,
But that was very long ago.

I knew the spot upon the hill
Where checkerberries could be found,
I knew the rushes near the mill
Where pickerel lay that weighed a pound!
I knew the wood—the very tree
Where lived the poaching, saucy crow,
And all the woods and crows knew me—
But that was very long ago.

And pining for the joys of youth,
I tread the old familiar spot
Only to learn this solemn truth:
I have forgotten, am forgot.
Yet here's this youngster at my knee
Knows all the things I used to know;
To think I once was wise as he—
But that was very long ago.

I know it's folly to complain
Of whatso'er the fates decree,
Yet, were not wishes all in vain,
I tell you what my wish should be:
I'd wish to be a boy again,
Back with the friends I used to know,
For I was, oh, so happy then—
But that was very long ago.
—Eugene Field.

Downtrodden.

He was a big, sullen looking fellow, towering fourteen inches above the meek, inoffensive looking little woman trotting along by his side, and the casual observer would have said at a glance that she was a broken spirited, browbeaten wife to whom marriage had been a failure, which would have proved that the opinion of the casual observer is of little value.

They entered a clothing store and he asked to be shown some "pants." He picked up about the first pair shown him and said that he would take them, when she snatched them from him, tossed them aside and said icily:

"Well, you'll do nothing of the sort, Jack Smith! I think I see you paying seven dollars for a pair of pants. This pair at five dollars is just as good, if they don't look quite so well. They're too short? They're nothing of the sort, and I can let down the hem if they are a little short. Here, Mr. Clerk, do up these pants."

Then she fished an old leather wallet up from the depths of a pocket in an unsuspected place and paid for the "pants," after which she graciously tossed the big bully by her side a ten cent piece, saying as she did so:

"There's the dime you said you wanted to get some tobacco with. Get out and get it while I wait here for you, and don't be gone more than ten minutes, either, for we're going home on the next car. Hurry up!"—Detroit Free Press.

Early Iron Manufacture in England.

The manufacture of ordnance seems to have begun in the Fifteenth century, a mortar that was still in existence and even used for purposes of amusement less than a century ago at Eridge, near Chichester, being claimed as the first of the kind ever made in this country. This was a hooped gun. Cannon cast and bored are of later date. These, too, were first made in England at Buxted, in Sussex, the founder being one Ralph Hogge, who employed a Frenchman, Peter Baude by name, as his assistant, or, more properly, instructor, the art of gun founding being, it would appear, a French invention.

Baude had as an apprentice one John Johnson, who is described as "having exceeded his master in his art of casting ordnance, making them cleaner and to better perfection." And John Johnson's son Thomas is described as having cast, toward the end of the Sixteenth century, artillery distantly approaching, to the heavy guns of the present, his "forty-two cast pieces" weighing three tons apiece.—London Spectator.

ODDS AND ENDS.

Assyrians live on six cents a day.

Russia makes 30,000,000 wooden spoons a year.

The average workingman wears out five ounces of muscle a day.

It is expensive economy to make part of the truth suffice for the whole.

An oyster shell in the teakettle will prevent the formation of crust on the inside.

An apparently inexhaustible supply of silica has been discovered near Allentown, Pa.

Whenever a soul is converted it becomes possible for God to make the world a little richer

It is said that there are now twenty-two ships of war under construction in Russian shipyards.

For cankered sore throat, sore mouth, etc., use borax and honey; drink sage or slippery elm tea.

The declared Wesleyans in the English army and navy number 19,218. The church membership is 1,882.

The juice of half a lemon in a teacup of strong black coffee, without sugar, will often cure a headache.

Fort Worth has an artesian well that flows 864,000 gallons of pure water daily, the largest in the world.

Leather belts will wear longer and transmit more power if run with the ... grain side next to the pulleys.

The ... ever known ... people more than ... year.

A Waterville, Me., ... new way to ... young plants ...

A living ...

THE REPUBLICAN PRESS.

FRIDAY MORNING. DECEMBER 4, 1891

OUR NEW YEAR'S EDITION.

The PRESS will issue a special edition, on January 1, 1892, descriptive of the county. It will not be a boom edition, but a faithful representation of the county. It will contain special articles by able writers on the lumber, fruit, stock, and other interests of the county; something of the history of the county, descriptions of valleys, towns, pleasure resorts, personal, reminiscenses, etc. It will also contain such illustrations as can be secured between now and the date of issue. The edition will be **5000 COPIES**. The paper will contain not less than **24 PAGES** of a size about **14 x 18**. Such a paper will be of great value to the county **AS AN ADVERTISEMENT**, and we hope the business men all over the county will give us their encouragement and **SUPPORT**. Every man in the county will be asked to take a few copies of the paper to send to his friends.

The edition will not be less than **5000**, and if we get the proper ENCOURAGEMENT, will make it **10000**. Our books are open for advertisers **NOW**, and orders for papers may be handed in at **ONCE**.

THE NEW YEAR'S EDITION.

Work on the New Year's editon of the PRESS has already begun and is being pushed along. A number of the best writers in the county have been engaged to prepare special articles. Among the articles will be one on the lumber interests, one on the wool industry, one on hops, and one on fruit. The history of the county will be reviewed in a condensed way. Its present condition will be given fully. The resources will be carefully written up, and facts and figures as to cost of productions, yields, etc., will be given. A chronological record of the past year, and an article on our public institutions, will be among the features. Tables of recapitulation on the property of the county, taxes, etc., from the records will be given. Altogether it will be a great paper, of which the county may be proud, and a paper that will represent the county faithfully. It will not be a boom paper, bristling with extravagant statements and high-colored descriptions, but a faithful record of facts, and a picture of the county as it is.

We want help from all over the county. If you've any good thing concerning your section or the county let us know. Make a table of your cost of production of crops and yield and forward to us. Give us some early reminiscenses. Let all take an interest.

We accept orders for advertising space from all over the county, also orders for papers. Send in your orders at once. $7.50 per column, or $25 per page is our price; 10 cents per line for writeups and 5 cents per copy for the paper. No unworthy advertisement inserted.

DICTATORS don't seem to thrive in South America.

FLOWER, if judged by his own opinion, is in the race for the Presidency.

How does Blaine and McKinley sound? Can you think of anything better?

IT is our guess that Cleveland will be the Democratic nominee for President.

THE Russian ukase or prohibition of internal traffic in breadstuffs is helping the American farmer.

As a means of decimating the overcrowded population of China the local rebellions are a great success.

THERE is no doubt but what President Harrison will fully endorse the McKinley bill in his forthcoming message.

THE Chileans are dilatory with their apology. The United States should hurry up with their naval display in Chilean waters.

CONGRESS meets next Monday, December, 7th. The "PRESS" has arranged for service of the most important happenings and legislation during the session. The President's message will be published in full.

THE dispatches say that 30,000-000 people are starving in Russia. In Odessa and other large cities they are delirious in their hunger and rob, steal, and murder to get food.

THE various farmers' organizations met at Indianapolis recently to adopt some means of bringing them together and thus pave the way for a Presidential ticket. The sub-Treasury scheme was the rock they split upon, and now the parties are further apart than ever.

THE total value of our exports and imports under the operations of the McKinley law for its first year was $113,675,000 greater than in any year of our history leaving a balance of trade in our favor of $100,000,000 round numbers. The hated "McKinleyism" of the Democracy has scored for us a $100,000,000 of British gold the first year—Indeed "a blow at New York and intentional?"! Our neighbor is so interested, so busy imparting information to the public that it has no time to acquire any.

THE Japan earthquake horror is too frightful to contemplate. Think of 15,000 people killed outright, 25,000 mained, and several hundred thousand rendered homeless. This is the state of affairs at the antipodes, while we at the opposite end are enjoying the blessings of health and prosperity. Truly this should be a thanksgiving for us.

CONCERNING the extension of the Donohoe road, A. J. Bledsoe, the representative of the Humboldt people who has been conferring with various railroad companies, says that work will be commenced on the road within fifteen months from January 1st, 1892. A new company is being incorporated for the purpose. The name of the Company is not yet made public. A subsidy of $300,000 is asked for.

"A blow has been struck at the prosperity of New York city by the McKinley bill and this was intentional on the part of the former of the bill because New York is the chief entrepot of Foreign trade."

The leaders of the *Dispatch-Democrat* have one truth in this item viz; "New York is the chief *entrepot* of foreign trade"—which they all knew before. But the leading statement, the one which it especially wishes to impress upon them that "a blow had been struck at the prosperity of that city by the shrinkage of its foreign trade under the operations of that law, is false and very many of them have not the means of knowing it to be such. The first year of the McKinley law has just closed and under it our foreign trade has been $113,675,000 greater than any year in the history of the country.

IN reading of the impending struggle in Baazil, one will feel, from the great interest taken in the matter, that a mighty nation was going to battle. The fact is we know very little about our Southern neighbors. Brazil, like all the remainder of South America, is chiefly a savage wilderness, with not as much territory under the control of civilization as had the United States at the outbreak of the Revolutionary War. The twelve million inhabitants are mostly Indians, negroes, and mixed bloods. While the extent of Brazilian territory is almost equal to that of the United States, the settlements extend in a narrow strip along the Atlantic coast with the border a few dozen of miles west on the edge of the mighty Brazilian forests, as primeval as they were a thousand years ago.

Our cotemporary says that we printed what we knew to be absolutely false, when we reported it as telling its readers that McKinley had raised the duty on hops from 8 to 15 cents per lb. and in consequence the price of hops has gone down from 35 to 12½ cents by the alleged assistance of the McKinley bill. The exact words of the *Dispatch* in the issue of October 23d are these:

In 1890 the tariff on hops was 8 cents per pound and hops sold for 35 cents per pound in Ukiah. The McKinley bill increased the tariff to 15 cents per pound, or almost double, and hops are a drug at 10 to 12 cents per pound here. Why should hop-growers vote for protection?

Cause and effect are logically in close proximity. A cause has produced an effect. An agency has been introduced by which is produced what did not before exist—low prices. Does the *Dispatch* say what that cause was? A lessened demand, large importation, or an abundant harvest? No, but the McKinley bill is the sole cause, and to emphasize its position it triumphantly asks the hop growers "why they vote for protection," why support a system which produces so disasterous an effect? By no rule of composition or of logic, except that peculiar to the *Dispatch*, can our statement be pronounced "absolutely false," or even remotely so.

How will the controversy over the opening or closing of the World's Fair on Sunday end? A vast amount of argument is arrayed on both sides. To us it seems fitting that the Fair should remain open. What better day to observe the glorious progress of a civilized world. While the majority of those who attend the Fair will no doubt belong to the Christian sects which believe that day should be set apart and strictly observed as a day of rest, yet many will think differently—some that another day should be observed, and many that no day is required to be observed. This is regarded as a Christian nation, but it is named from the people, and not from any law or order which the nation has passed. The government which has the immediate control of the World's Fair reserves the inalienable right of every man to profess any religion he chooses, or profess none at all. Sunday is, and always was, a religious festival, and something with which governments of the nineteenth century have nothing to do except to protect those who wish to observe it. As being a sacred day we are willing to admit, but we doubt the efficiency of laws enforcing its observance. A religious Sunday is good, but a religious Sunday enforced by civil law is pernicious. Let the World's Fair be for all, at all times.

HYGENIC VALUE OF WATER.

A Dessertation on Water by a Local Physician.

If we except pure water, it may safely be said, that no other element in nature sustains so important relations to the living system as does pure water.

An individual will live much longer on water alone than on food if deprived of drink. Water constitutes a large proportion of all our food, varying in grain and vegitables, from fifteen to more than ninety percent. If the water so contained in sold food were wholly removed, an individual would be enabled to live longer on water only than on solid food so treated. Though water undergoes no change in the body, and hence takes no part in the development of force, it is absolutely essential to the performance of vital functions, being necessary to enable the various organs to perform their offices in the maintainance of the vital actions.

The circulatory system is especially dependent upon this element. Water is the medium which floats the blood corpuscles and the varied nutritive and excrementitious elements that form the blood. By its aid the nutricient particles destined to enter into the structure of the body are conveyed to the most minute and remote fibre of the intricate human mechanism where repair or growth is demanded. No other element in nature is so well suited to this exact purpose as water. It is so limpid and mobile that it can circulate through the most delicate capillaries, and can even find its way by osmosis into parts inaccessible by openings.

THIRST.

Water is continually passing away from the body. The dry air entering the lungs by resperation absorbes it from the moist surface of the pulmonary membranes. A large portion is lost by evaporation from the skin, by which it is poured out through millions of little sewers, the perspiratory ducts, for the purpose of washing impurities away from the system. The kidneys remove a considerable quantity, with poisonous excrementitious elements in solution.

Through still other channels water is removed, aggregating in all, the amount of five pints in 24 hours in the average individual. This loss must be made good in order to preserve the requisite fluidity of the blood and nature expresses the demand for water by thirst.

Now these are a few of the important offices performed on the living organism by water under general, ordinary circumstances. This is a little insight into the importance of a sufficient supply of water at all times, even in health to keep the blood at a proper stage of fluidity in order that it circulate freely through every fibre of the organism, preventing congestions in certain localities and corresponding deficiencies in other parts, besides preventing deterioration of the blood from loss of vitality through obstructed and impeded, sluggish circulation. For just in proportion as the blood is by any means reduced to a sluggish circulation, it becomes deteriorated in vitality, and the invariable consequence is, a corresponding variation from a healthy condition of the general organism. "Water is the only substance which will quench thirst."

Beverages which contain other substances are useful as drinks just in proportion to the amount of water they contain, and are unwholesome just in proportion as the added elements are injurious.

Now if the foregoing is a correct view of the offices performed by water, it is plain to be seen the importance of having it in its purity and in sufficient quantity at all times, and if next in importance to pure air (to breathe every moment,) so should we have a corresponding supply of pure sparkling water, so essentially necessary in our every day life as a grand panacea preventitive of disease, saying nothing of its disease removing and health giving qualities in sickness when rationally and judiciously applied both internally and externally, varying in temperature at all degrees of heat from that of ice to 120 degrees F in the form of vapor or steam, local and full baths, fermentations etc., etc. according to indications of each particular case.

But I hear some one say: "Don't every body know how to use water? And all this theory on paper may sound very well, but so much theory and speculation it is hard to tell who is right or what is best."

There is a quite feasible and safe way to know, and that is to try, or at least observe the results on those who do try. Ocular demonstration should be convincing to every unprejudiced mind. "But what shall we do in malignant fever cases and blood poisoning?" Well every person who has any recollection of 50 years ago will say, we bled, blistered, gave calomel, jalap, and opium as leaders, then fell back on the thousand and one remedies of the materia medica, strictly forbidding water as a beverage.

Now, Mr. Editor, I should like to know what has drowned out or smothered that vehement outcry for water, manifested a few weeks since, when, as I said once before in Paddy's faver case of six weeks in the lawng month of August all me cry was, wather! wather!! wather!!! We were not only holding meetings and devising ways and means for obtaining it, but were prospecting and exploring mountain crags for a radius of ten miles, likewise the great and grand historic stream, the magnificent Russian River. Of course we were on the scent of water and were determined to have it at all hazards—$50-000 to $75,000 was then spoken of as a mere circumstance not worthy of a moment's deliberation, compared with the value of a supply of pure water. Although it was considered to be for a public benefit, yet it was advocated that it should be personal property. Well, why not one or two men be owners and proprietors? Then it could be dealt out economically to the inhabitants with out the unpleasantness of so many conflicting interests. Then to make the matter harmonious all around, let one or two men own the surrounding atmosphere and deal it out judiciously. Of course this is the whole thing in a nut shell. Why not go ahead and have water and air dealt out judiciously?

T. McC.

For Sale.

A pure blooded, Pole Angus Bull; also a half-blood Pole Angus calf, by

JOHN MEWHINNEY,
Pomo, Cal.

WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS, south side Court House.

WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS, south side Court House.

WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS—Choice Wines and Liquors.

About Lumber.

A prominent lumberman of this city has lately made an extended trip up the coast. In an interview with *Pacific Coast Wood and Iron* he said:

I found most of the mills getting ready for winter; nearly all were running half the mill and some were closed up entirely, glad I expect, to get done with such an unsatisfactory season. At Fort Bragg Mr. Robison had the launching ways down and had commenced to build the big raft to be towed to this city; they have gone to considerable expense in getting ready; so it looks as if the business would be permanent.

The tan bark business also seems to be overdone; I saw several thousand cords shedded for the winter, the price being so low there is no sale for it at a profit. At Westport the mills had all shut down and there was very little shipping going on. At Usal the new mill is about completed; one band saw was running, it had not cut much lumber and the plant is only ready for next years work. I have seen many mills both in the East and here, and I think I am quite safe in saying this is the best built and equipped mill I have ever seen, everything is first-class, the machinery is all of the heaviest kind, and put together in the most solid manner; it certainly reflects credit on the builder.

The wharf looks as if it would stay there but one will be better able to pass an opinion after the winter storms. The railroad is extended up to the timber and right where it stops, is one of the best pieces of timber I have seen in the country. Take it all through it looks to be one of the best layouts on the coast and if lumber would only sell for the same price as it did four years ago it would bring in a lot of money to the owners.—*Wood and Iron.*

Sheep and Wool Notes.

A sheep can be fattened well in 60 days, but it takes twice that long to fatten a steer.

The American Sheep Breeder says: Herd the sheep to the windward of the corral on a windy day. Sheep will go in the teeth of the wind on hungry bellies better than they will on full ones. Better still—give them some hay at home.

Sheep are like clover in one respect: they draw their support from the soil and yet constantly add to its fertility.

"Sheepy" mutton and "cowy" milk are both the products of unhealthy animals, where there is a failure of the system to throw off impurities and waste matter.

The most inferior meat on an animal is towards its extremities. Therefore, a square, blocky frame, with short legs and neck, increases the best cuts and diminishes the poorest.

The Tariff on Wool.

Judge Lawrence, of Ohio, cites the following:

A Pennsylvania wool grower wanted some Shropshire sheep. He knew of a flock that had been imported into Canada from England; the importer in Canada was unwilling to part with all his young sheep, but where there were twins he divided the stock, letting the Pennsylvania wool grower have one and he kept the other, so that they could both have the same blood. The Pennsylvanian sheared those lambs and sent us the wool, some of which sold at 30 cents per lb. unwashed. The wool from the twins that remained in Canada sold there at 18 cents, fleece washed. The Pennsylvania man, who is a Democrat, told us that as a rule he was a free-trader, but he believed in the McKinley bill with its duty on wool, and explained that the above circumstance had convinced him.

Darbys Prophylactic Fluid.

Use it in every sick-room. Will keep the atmosphere pure and wholesome; removing all bad odors from any source.

Will destroy all Disease Germs, infection from all Fevers and all contagious diseases.

The eminent physician, J. Marion Sims, of New York, says; "I am convinced that Prof. Darbys Prophylactic Fluid is a most valuable disinfectant."

Sheep grazing within 50 miles of the sea are almost exempt from internal parasites because the salt in the atmosphere impregnates their feed, and salt is an anthelmintic. If sheep in the interior could have a taste of salt every few hours it would answer nearly as well. The next best thing is to place it where they can help themselves at least once a day and as many times during the day as possible.

Business is booming everywhere. Grain, flour, and provisions are going abroad on orders in large quantities, and gold is coming back from Europe faster than it went away early in the year. Farmers are getting reasonably good prices for their products, and industries of nearly all kinds show increased activity.

At a recent sale of Merino stud sheep in Melbourne, Australia, two rams of Vermont Merino blood were bid up to 300 and 480 guineas, which represents about $1500 and $2400 in our money.

The I X L Incubator.

I have the best incubator in the world. It can't be beaten anywhere. I will stand challenge or comparison with anybody. T. J. SNEAD.
Proprietor.

WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS—Choice Wines and Liquors.

Sonoma County.

We clip the following items from the Santa Rosa *Republican* of Nov. 26:

A flock of turkeys, numbering 300, reached Petaluma Wednesday having been driven all the way from Lower Lake, Lake county, by J. H. Felton.

R. L. Crane, formerly of this county, but more recently of Calpella, Cal., has moved to Ukiah and engaged in the Commission business.

J. H. Hunt has just returned from a few days hunting in Mendocino county. During his engagement in the role of Davy Crockett he killed two large bears and feels considerable pride over the achievement.

Wm. Gwynn has placed in our curiosity window a five pound potato that was growh near Pt. Arena. It is smooth and well formed as one of ordinary size. We intend to have it roasted and served when the national grange meets at Santa Rosa.

A new horse came down from Ukiah Thursday that is to be entered in the coming races. He is a grey, sixteen hands high and every inch a race horse. He has the pure trotting conformation and when in action is said to resemble the great Hopeful, at one time king of trotters. He is only six years old and is reported to be a grandson of one of Rysdyke's greatest producing sons. He is quartered at W. P. Fine's stable and it is doubtful if in all California there is another like him.

Protection Sermon in 100 Words.

Looking backward over the many efforts of manufacturers to acquire reputation for their aptness in hitting the bull's-eye in their styles and materials for cloaks, and noticing how well they did for a time, only at last to fail, it is wonderful that mills have the courage to make them. Among the handsomest fabrics ever made were gold and silver beaded cloakings introduced more than twenty years ago. They sold readily at $6 to $7, and went off like hot cakes. The manufacturers increased their output and in a little while as many cases of them were jobbed at $2.25 and $2.50 per yard as there had been pieces sold at the higher figures.—*Dry Goods Economist, November 7.*

Catarrh Can't be Cured.

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you have to take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is no quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

The New Discovery.

You have heard your friends and neighbors talking about it. You may yourself be one of the many who know just how good a thing it is. If you have ever tried it, you are one of its staunch friends, because the wonderful thing about it is, that when once given a trial, Dr. King's New Discovery ever after holds a place in the house. If you have never used it and should be afflicted with a cough, cold, or any throat, lung, or chest trouble, secure a bottle at once and give it a fair trial. It is guranteed every time, or money refunded. Trial bottles free at J. R. Mathews' Drugstore.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, ulcers, sores, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and cures piles or no pay required. It is guranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. R. Mathews.

Wanted.

TWO WELL BROKEN dogs for for running varmints. State lowest price and age of dogs. Address:

J. K. BIGELOW,
Rodeo Valley Ranch, via Laytonville.

For Sale.

Double seated spring wagon, canopy top, used only three months. No reasonable cash offer refused. Enquire of GEORGE EFF,
Ukiah, Cal.

For Sale.

Fifteen head draught, buggy, and saddle horses. Apply to M. B. McGowan, Asylum.

WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS, south side Court House.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

DIED.

SAMUELS—In Ukiah, Monday, Nov. 30th, Miss Sarah Samuels, aged 60 years.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Bank of Ukiah will be held at its office, in Ukiah at 2 P. M., Tuesday, January 5th, 1892.

R. MCGARVEY
President.

THE KING OF ALL COUGH CURES; DOCTOR ACKER'S ENGLISH REMEDY. SOLD IN ENGLAND for 1s. 1½d., and in AMERICA for 25 cents a bottle. IT TASTES GOOD.

For sale by J. N. Magee, Druggist, Ukiah

Real Estate Transactions.

C Felton to A J Tanney—Lots 1 5 and 6 and n w qr of n e qr of sec 18 t 22 r 13 and other lands	$ 1 00
J Dokken to C A Perkins & E F Bonton—Lots 3 and 4. E hf n w qr s w qr of n e qr. E hf n e qr of sec 7 S w qr n w qr of sec 8 t 18 r 16	v c
Mrs E Burke to D G Pitner—6 acres of land in lot 13 Yokayo Rancho	1430 00
C E Perkins to J S Kimball—S e qr of S w sec 17 and n e qr of n w qr and s hf of n w qr of sec 20 t 21 r 16	900 00
A D McAllister to M E Thurston—N hf of s w qr of sec 20 and n e qr of s e qr and s e qr of n e qr of sec 27 t 21 r 16	500 00
C E Perkins to M E Thurston—Lot on n e corner of block 3 Ukiah City	5 00
S Pullen to H H Brown et al—S w qr of n w qr of sec 5 t 16 r 16 also right of way	1000 00
A Anderson to S Pullen—Same as above	
Ira P Collins to Wm Heryford—N w qr of n e qr of sec 23 t 14 r 14	500 00
J L & N J Burger to J D Burger—2 acres of land adjacent to Ukiah City	10 00
J & A Rayner to Mrs R Whisler—40 acres of land in sec 9 t 19 r 17	1425 00
J & M C Duncan to Emma Burke—Lot in Ukiah	900 00
G H Jay to Wm Hesser—Land adjacent to Mendocino	v r
H Burroughs & W C Davidson to J C Halliday—Lot in Point Arena	10 00
J A Knox to Beatrice Pina—Lot in Hopland	18 00
A Burnham et al to J C Burnham—36,10 acres of land in lot 82 Yokayo Rancho	10 00
T J Montgomery to J A Montgomery—W hf of block 69 of western addition to Ukiah City	10 00
A B Montgomery to J A Montgomery—An undivided hf interest in and to w hf of s e qr and s e qr of s e qr of sec 22 s w qr of s w qr sec 23 t 14 r 16	10 00
L E Hood to Mrs C E Hood—N hf of s e qr and n hf of s w qr sec 33 t 20 r 15	10 00
C E Hood to L F Hood—N w qr of s w qr w hf of n e qr of s w qr of sec 33 t 20 r 15	10 00
E Westdorp and B Muller to J Harms—W hf of s e qr and e hf of s w qr sec 29 t 19 r 12 and e hf of n e qr sec 32 w hf of n w qr sec 33 t 19 r 12	500 00
Mrs A J Higgins to B Culbert—Lot in Fort Bragg	600 00
S M French to John Crawford—SE¼ of lot 19 in block 5 I O O F cemetery Ukiah	1 00
F Bean to L Gallin—5.21 acres of land in sec 6, T 15, R 16	60 00
Mrs M A Nowdesha to Mrs M. E Tryon—N½ of NW¼ sec 22, T 15, R 14	10 00
R S Johnson to A N McPeak—Lot in Ukiah City	1200 00
F W Cook to H L Norton—NE¼ of NE¼, sec 10, T 18, R 14	5 00
Mrs H L Norton to H L Norton—NW¼ of SW¼ and SW¼ of NW¼ sec 4 and N½ of NE¼ sec 5, T 18, R 14	5 00
W T Galloway to H L Norton—N½ of NW¼, SE¼ of NW¼ and SW¼ of NE¼ sec 4, T 18, R 14	5 00
W T Galloway to H L Norton—SW¼ of sec 16, W½ of SE¼ sec 16, T 12, R 13	100 00
H L Norton to California Land Commercial and Fruit Company—SW¼, W½ of SE¼ of sec 16, T 12, R 13, and other lands	5 00
W A McCormack to W Hodjins—Lot in Westport	50 00
H A Shelton to J S Kimball—Lots 2, 3, and 4 and S½ of NE¼ sec 30, T 21, R 16	10 00
F H and I Betz to L Van Dusen—Lot in Ukiah City	10 00
D McNee to Little Valley Lumber Co—NE¼ of SE¼ sec 16, T 19, R 17	1 00
C W Tindall to Lulu M Brosie—E½ of NE¼ and N½ of SE¼ sec 15, T 13, R 16	50 00
B Nickerson to W M Booth—Lot 4 in block 1 in Point Arena	50 00
A M and L A Orubaum to J S Orubaum—1 1-5 acres of land in NW¼ of SE¼ sec 3, T 12, R 13	6 00
J Updegraff to D Thomson—NE¼ sec 12, T 22, R 13, less 1 acre	7000 00
W P and M B Walker to J Sheppard—SE¼ of SE¼ of sec 19, W½ of SW¼ and SW¼ of NW¼ sec 20, T 13, R 15	750 00

CONSTIPATION.

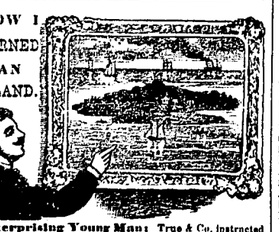
Afflicts half the American people yet there is only one preparation of Sarsaparilla that acts on the bowels and reaches this important trouble, and that is Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla. It relieves it in 24 hours, and an occasional dose prevents return. We refer by permission to C. E. Elkington, 125 Locust Avenue, San Francisco; J. H. Brown, Petaluma; H. S. Winn, Geary Court, San Francisco, and hundreds of others who have used it in constipation. One letter is a sample of hundreds. Elkington, writes: "I have been for years subject to bilious headaches and constipation. Have been so bad for a year back have had to take a physic every other night or else I would have a headache. After taking one bottle of J. V. S., I am in splendid shape. It has done wonderful things for me. People similarly troubled should try it and be convinced."

Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla

Most modern, most effective, largest bottle, same price, $1.00, six for $5.00.

For sale by J. R. Mathews.

HOW I EARNED AN ISLAND.



Enterprising Young Man: True & Co. instructed and started me. I worked steadily and made money faster than I expected to. I became able to buy an Island and build a small summer hotel. If I don't succeed at that, I will go to work again at the business in which I made my money.

True & Co., Shall we instruct and start you, reader? If we do, and if you work industriously, you will in due time be able to buy an Island and build a hotel, if you wish to. Money can be earned at our new line of work, rapidly and honorably, by those of either sex, young or old, and in their own localities, wherever they live. Any one can do the work. Easy to learn. We furnish everything. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. This entirely new load brings wonderful success to every worker. Beginners are earning from $25 to $50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment—we teach you FREE. This is an age of marvelous things, and here is another great, useful wealth giving wonder. Great gains will reward every industrious worker. Wherever you are, and whatever you are doing, you want to know about this wonderful work at once. Delay means much money lost to you. No space to explain here, but if you will write to us, we will make all plain to you FREE. Address,

TRUE & CO., Box 400, Augusta, Maine.

Notice.

Taxpayers of Mendocino County having reason to feel aggrieved with the assessment and tax levy of the present year, may find it to their interest to confer with me.

WM. DOOLAN,
Vichy Springs, Ukiah.

LAND OFFICE AT SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., November 30, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before County Clerk of Mendocino co. Cal, at the county seat, on Saturday, January 23, 1892, viz:

ANDERS P. ERICKSON

D. S. No. 25694 for the S W qr of N E qr Sec 14 and S hf of S E qr Sec 11 and S W qr of S W qr Sec 12, Tp 22 N, R 10 W, M D M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Ralph A. Clayton, Jeremiah M. Hunt, Tillman Lincoln, Henry C. Simmons all of Covelo, Cal.

JOHN F. SHEEHAN,
Register.

dec4 jan 9

Delicious.

BISCUIT.	DUMPLINGS.
MUFFINS.	POT PIES.
WAFFLES.	PUDDINGS.
CORN BREAD.	CAKES.
GRIDDLE CAKES.	DOUGHNUTS.

Can always be made with Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. And while cakes and biscuit will retain their moisture, they will be found flaky and extremely light and fine grained, not coarse and full of holes as are the biscuit made from ammonia baking powder. Price's Cream Baking Powder produces work that is beyond comparison and yet costs no more than the adulterated ammonia or alum powders. Dr. Price's stands for pure food and good health.

1891-2 HOLIDAYS 1891-2

AN ELEGANT DISPLAY OF HOLIDAY GOODS IN ENDLESS VARIETY NOW ON EXHIBITION.

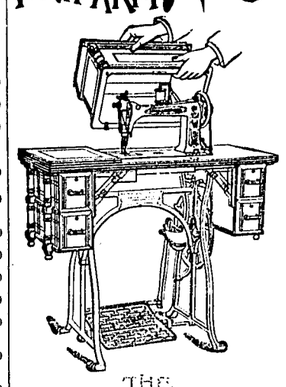
Low Prices to Rule

GEO. W. PARKER,

Mendocino County's Jeweler.

FINE WATCH REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

WHEELER & WILSON'S NEW HIGH-ARM No 9



THE ONLY PERFECT SEWING MECHANISM FOR FAMILY USE.

WAS AWARDED Only Grand Prize AT THE Paris Exposition 1889.

J. W. EVERSOLE,
—DEALER IN—
Furniture, Carpets, Etc.
—AGENT FOR—
Mendocino & Lake Cos.
UKIAH, CAL.

Pacific Coast main office, 1308 Market St., San Francisco.

ATTENTION, HOUSEKEEPERS!

Those : who : have : not : tried : the : Celebrated

LILY WHITE FLOUR

Should do so at once. It makes the best bread, consequently gives best satisfaction.

FOR SALE BY J. P. HOFFMAN.

Petition.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF MENDOCINO County, State of California.

In the matter of the petition of the Philo Methodist Episcopal Church, for leave to mortgage property.

Upon reading and filing the petition of the Philo Methodist Episcopal Church and its Trustees, a religious corporation, praying for leave to mortgage its real estate for the sum of $250.00, it is ordered that said petition be set for hearing on Monday, the 14th day of December 1891, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M., of that day, at the Court Room of this Court, in Ukiah City, Mendocino County, State of California; and that notice of such hearing be given by publication of a copy of this order for two weeks in the REPUBLICAN PRESS, a newspaper printed and published at Ukiah City in said County and State.

R. MCGARVEY,
Superior Judge.

Dated this 14th day of November 1891.

Notice of Contest.

LAND OFFICE AT SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., November 24, 1891.

Complaint having been entered at this Office by John T. Ham, against John Schnell for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 10033, dated November 26, 1888, upon the Lots 1 and 2 and N E 1-4 of N W 1-4, Sec 30 and Lot 4, Sec 19, Tp 23 N, R 11 W, in Mendocino Co., State of California with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear before C. W. Rohrbough, Notary Public at Covelo, Mendocino Co. on the 8th day of January, 1892, at 10 o'clock A. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment. And it is further ordered that a hearing be had before this Office on the 14th day of January, 1892 to consider the testimony taken.

Dec4 Jan1 JOHN F. SHEEHAN, Register.

Notice of Contest.

LAND OFFICE AT SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. November 24, 1891.

Complaint having been entered at this Office by John T. Ham, against Joseph Utermuhrer for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 10013, dated November 12, 1888, upon the N 1-2 of N E 1-4, S E 1-4 of N E 1-4, and N E 1-4 of S E 1-4, Sec 30, Tp 23 N, R 11 W, in Mendocino Co., State of California with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear before C. W. Rohrbough, Notary Public at Covelo, Mendocino Co. on the 8th day of January, 1892, at 11 o'clock A. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment. And it is further ordered that a hearing be had before this Office on the 14th day of January, 1892, to consider the testimony taken.

Dec4 Jan1 JOHN F. SHEEHAM, Register.

LAND OFFICE AT SAN FRANCISCO CAL. November 2, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver at San Francisco, Cal. on Monday, December 21, 1891, viz:

ANTONIO P. PRATO.

Pre-emption D S 26411 for the N W ¼ of S W ¼ and E ½ of S W qr and S W qr of N W qr Sec 33 Tp 16 N, R 14 W, M D M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Biagio Ertola, Severino Hompolini, A Vacaro, A Ertola all of San Francisco, Cal.

nov6 dec11 JOHN F. SHEEHAN, Register.

LAND OFFICE AT SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., November 16, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Mendocino Co., at the county seat, on Saturday January 9, 1892, viz:

MELVIN H. FAIRBANKS,

H. E. 10012, for the Lots 3 and 4 and S E 1-4 of S W 1-4, Sec 31, Tp 15 N, R 11W, M D M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: Wm. J. Aldreth, Hans Van Nader, E. B. Shields, John D. Hillman, all of Talmadge, Cal.

JOHN F. SHEEHAN, Register.

Established 1878—WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS.

Notice to Contractors and Builders.

In the Board of Supervisors of the County of Mendocino State of California.

In the Matter of Bids for the Construction of a Jail and Sheriff's Office.

It is hereby ordered that sealed bids be received by the County Clerk of Mendocino County, State of California, at his office in Ukiah City, California up to

January 4, 1892, at 10 o'clock A. M.

for the construction of a Jail and Sheriff's office in accordance with the plans and specifications now on file in the Clerk's office in Mendocino County.

The Board of Supervisors reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

And it is further ordered that this notice be published in the REPUBLICAN PRESS, a paper printed and published weekly, in the County of Mendocino, successively for sixty days from date hereof.

By order of the Board of Supervisors of Mendocino County, State of California.

HALE MCCOWEN
Clerk of said Board.

By W. R. MELENDY, Deputy Clerk.

Oct. 16.—Dec. 18.

Notice of Intention.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE whole of the property assessed for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1889, for State and county taxes to

H. P. LUCAS,

and situated in Mendocino County, State of California, and described thus: S hf of NW qr, N hf of SW qr, Sec 33, Tp 17 N, R 15 W, M D M, has been sold to me, the undersigned, for delinquent taxes, on the 28th day of February, 1890, for Seventeen dollars and Eighty cents, by the Tax Collector of said County, and that I then became the purchaser thereof, and that I am now the owner and holder of a certificate of such sale, and that Twenty-six (26) dollars and Seventy (70) cents is the amount due for the redemption money therefor; and that as such purchaser I shall be entitled to receive from the redemptioner the further sum of Three Dollars for the service of this notice and the making of the affidavit to such service, and also a reasonable amount for the cost of publication, and that on the 23d day of December, 1891, I shall apply to the Tax Collector of said County for a Deed for such property under and by virtue of such tax sale and Certificate of Sale.

Mendocino Co., Cal., Nov. 23, 1891.

nov27 J. A. McGILVARY.

Notice of Intention.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE WHOLE of the property assessed for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1889, for the State and County taxes to

E. P. LUCAS

and situated in Mendocino County, State of California, and described thus: S E qr of N E qr N½ of S E qr S W qr of S E qr Sec 32, Tp 17 N, R 15 W, M D M has been sold to me, the undersigned, for delinquent taxes, on the 28 day of Feb. 1890, for seventeen (17) dollars and eighty (80) cents, by the Tax Collector of said County, and that I then became the purchaser thereof, and that I am now the owner and holder of a certificate of such sale, and that twenty-six (26) dollars and seventy (70) cents is the amount due for the redemption money therefor; and that as such purchaser I shall be entitled to receive from the redemptioner the further sum of three dollars for the service of this notice and the making of the affidavit to such service, and also a reasonable amount for cost of publication, and that on the 23rd day of December 1891, I shall apply to the Tax Collector of said County for a Deed for such property under and by virtue of such tax sale and Certificate of Sale.

Mendocino County, Cal., Nov. 21 1891.

nov 27 J. A. McGILVARY.

THE ENTERTAINMENT.

"Sleeping Car," "Madam Jarley," and Interspersings--All a Success.

There are entertainments and entertainments, but some seem by special privilege to take well with everybody and rank high in the scale of success. Such was that given at the opera house by the ladies of the Christian Church last Thursday night. The largest house of the season faced the footlights. There was a perfect mass. The "Sleeping Car," a farce adapted from the ridiculous realities of a sleeping car was rendered in three acts. Devoid of plot but full of human nature it took well.

After the farce Miss Ella Claypool, an elocutionist of high merit, rendered some choice selections.

Miss H. V. Standfield then rendered one of her choice vocal selections, which was highly appreciated by the audience.

The entertainment closed with Madam Jarley's wax works. Miss Ida Harris as Madam Jarley made a big show of her figures and improved even upon the Dickens's tradition.

The entertainment as a whole was out of the usual order and took well because of it. The ladies are certainly to be congratulated upon the success which crowned their efforts. The receipts are noted elsewhere.

Court Yard Preaching.

Ed. PRESS—Whatever may be the ultimate object or result of these open air meetings, it is fair to presume, in this new departure, we are, at least relieved from various inconveniencies, almost invariably attending crowded in-door meetings, especially within our Court House walls. First the breathing of pestiferous air, then the risk of the eliminating effect of the contribution apparatus, then last but not least, the momentary risk of some Develish fiery missile taking wings and flying "too and fro, seeking whom he may devour."

Of course while seated in some pleasant shady grove, under the canopy of the blue sky, and relying on the bright, shiny face of old Sol (The bright and smiling God of day) to furnish light for the occasion, we feel pretty surely indemnified against the foregoing inconveniences and calamities. Therefore, whatever justice or religion may be within the Court House walls I prefer the outside every time.

What mercy thy free bounty gives,
Let me not cast away;
For God is paid when man receives;
To enjoy is to obey.—Pope.

SPECTATOR.

Improving the Opera House.

Seymour Marks has arranged with Ed Smith whereby the latter retires from the opera house, Mr. Marks taking charge on December 1st. Mr. Marks is making a number of improvements in and about the house. The old rickty sidewalk leading to it has been replaced with gravel. The front of the building is being painted. New seats have been bought, the stage is being improved, and the amatuer performers of the town are jubilant over the prospects of scenery which Mr. Marks has given a solemn promise to get. This will make possible plays and performances that before could not be thought of. The "Old Homestead" by locals is among the promises of a glittering future.

S. J. Mathews is the corresponding manager for the house, and dates of local doings will be placed with him.

About the Rain.

So far the season has about conformed to the usual. August escaped without a drop as it has for fourteen years except two, 1879 and 1884 when it rained .12 and .01 respectively. In September it rained 1.00 inch, .53 above the fourteen year average. In October it rained 1.00 being .62 below the average. November gave .88, being 2.43 below the average. November in 1885 furnished more rain than any other month in fourteen years, being 19.11 inches. The rainfall for the last storm was 1.07, and for the season 3.48, as reported by Geo. McCowen.

Died.

In Little Lake, Friday, November 27th, Miss Mamie Vincent, daughter of Frank Vincent, aged 22 years.

Deceased was one of the fairest and most popular of the daughters of Little Lake. Her death was sudden and without warning, and her relatives and friends are paralyzed with the sudden grief. She was a niece of W. H. Southard of Ukiah.

Exempt Property.

The amount of property exempt from taxation in this county, as furnished by Assessor Paxton for the State Board of Equalization is $735,000. It includes the Mendocino State Asylum, Court House, Town Hall, the Light House at Point Arena, 93 School Houses with their furniture, the Round Valley Indian Reservation and improvements, and the County Farm.

Life Insurance.

Martin Monsen, with Reynolds & Woodward, Santa Rosa, and representing the Connecticut Mutual Life of Hartford is in Ukiah. He is the special agent for Sonoma, Marine, and Mendocino counties. He will remain in Ukiah two week in the interest of his company.

A Thousand Thanks.

The ladies of the Christian Church wish to thank all who kindly assisted them in making their entertainment the grand success that it was. The gross receipts were $157.50. Net receipts $130.65.

Cremation.

Landriths garden seeds fresh, every year. All papers left over are cremated, therefore insuring a successful garden. For sale at J. R. Mathews' City Pharmacy.

For Sale.

Good, dry, 20-inch, white oak wood for sale at $2.50 per cord.

Inquire of L. GOBBI.

WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS—Free Lunch from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

A Friend to the Aged.

Mr. W. R. Harris, foreman of the Atlanta Constitution job office, says: "My mother, who is 78 years old, has been suffering from general debility, loss of appetite and very much troubled with insomania. After using two bottles of Germetuer she was restored to her normal condition." Sold by all druggists at $1.00 a bottle. If your druggist cannot supply you send $1.00 by registered letter or money order and a bottle will be sent to you at your nearest express office.

Address, ROYAL GERMETUER CO. San Francisco, Cal.

W. and W. New No. 9 Sewing Machines at J. W. Eversoles'

AMMONIA IN BAKING POWDER.

Discussion Before the American Chemical Society.

(Chicago Tribune.)

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TRIBUNE:—I have just seen the report in your issue of Sept. 3, of the discussion at the Washington meeting of the American Chemical Society, Aug. 18, relative to the use of carbonate of ammonia in baking powders.

This report is incomplete and incorrect in many particulars, and as the paper which precipitated the discussion was read by me and was based upon my own experiments, I desire to make certain corrections in the interest of the truth and for the benefit of the large number of your readers to whom the question is one of great moment.

The paper as read before the society related that ammonia in baking powder is retained in the bread by reason of its affinity to the gluten. The concensus of opinion as expressed during the discussion was against the use of carbonate of ammonia in baking powder with the only exception of Dr. McMurtrie, who is now an employe of a baking powder company which uses carbonate of ammonia in its baking powder.

Of the other parties mentioned as having taken part in the discussion were Professor Dr. Barker, of the University of Pennsylvania, who is the president of the society and one of our highest authorities. In answer to a pleading by Professor McMurtrie that only small quantities of ammonia were used in baking powders, he stated: "No matter how small the quanity, I must decline to be dosed medically without my consent when taking my meals."

Dr. E. H. Bartley, formerly chemist of the Brooklyn Board of Health and Professor of Chemistry at the Long Island College, likewise named, did not, I believe, take active part in the discussion, but is already on record as strongly opposed to the use of ammonium carbonate in baking powders.

Dr. Richardson volunteered only the question whether the flour used only in the experiments was of good quality, of which I assured him by stating that it was the best and the flour used in my family.

Professor Mallet was not present.

Your article is misleading in so far as it gives the impression that ammonia disappears on baking. My actual tests agree with those made by others, showing that ammonia remains in the bread. My investigations simply assigns a new cause for its retention.

H. ENDEMANN, Ph. D.

—*New York Nribune, Sept.* 17, 1891.

NOTE—Dr. Endemann, the writer of this communication, is well known in scientific circles, and was for twelve years chemist of the New York Board of Health.

The baking powder company above referred to is the Royal Baking Powder Company of New York, and the employe Dr. William McMurtrie, who defends that company's use of ammonia, is their much advertised government authority. There is no such office known under our goverement as that of government or United States government chemist.

The War Cloud.

The great exertion made by all of the European powers towards perfecting their armies and navies is certainly indicative of trouble in the near future.

Government officials all over Europe are watching, with an eagle eye, Russia's extensive preparations for war, and her rivals on all sides are making counter-preparations for the great struggle which must sooner or later take place.

Enormous sums of money have been expended in the construction of strategic railroads and other ways arranging for the transportation of large bodies of troops to their frontiers.

Germany and France, with their magnificent armies and navies, drilled to a perfection that the world has never before witnessed, are watching each other with the utmost suspicion and it is the belief of many, high in the councils of the French government that she would openly declare war to morrow were it not for the fact that, so far, she has been unable to close a contract wherein her army and navy could be fully supplied with Golden Eagle Flour.

Comments from Covelo.

Your correspondent in giving an account and deserved praise of the characters in the drama "Among the Breakers" omits one of the most prominent—that of Mr. Carter Rohrbough, who did as he always does, splendidly impersonating the character he takes be it Shyloch, Richard the Third, or the unprotected old bachelor, and why W should ignore him we can not conceive. It can't be envy or malice as he is probably a relative, but it may be modesty. As well write of Hamlet with Hamlet left out.

We also failed to notice a wedding at the chapel on Wednesday eve—that of Miss Della Bonce and Mr. Wm. Griss, Rev. Marion officiating. The chapel was tastefully decorated with evergreens and flowers. After the ceremony there was a reception at the home of the bride.

We are having fine weather but not enough rain to suit the farmers for plowing. H.

Covelo, Nov. 30.

Potter Notes.

Dave Burkhart and wife returned from their wedding tour Saturday.

Walter Marble and family are moving to Boonville. George Berryhill has bought the stage line and Mr. Marble's place.

The ladies of the M. E. Church desire to return thanks for the very liberal donations to the Thanksgiving dinner, also for the patronage received. The net proceeds were $41.90.

Santa Claus Heard From.

Santa Claus has sent a cablegram to C. Hofman to prepare for his annual headquarters. Although C. Hofman has not quite room enough for him, Santa Clads insists on coming, for he likes C. H.'s store and wont go anywhere else.

Notice To Settle.

All parties indebted to H. T. Hatch are requested to settle by cash or note at the Ukiah Lumber yard on or before January 1st, 1892. No accounts now running will be extended beyond that time. H. T. HATCH.

Music Lessons.

Dora Gibson will take a few pupils in music. Terms, $2 per month.

WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS—Choice Wines and Liquors.

CLOSING EXERCISES.

Had at the Occidental School. A Meritorious Program.

The closing exercises of Occidental School District, Miss Frankie English, teacher, were held last Friday afternoon, Nov. 27, 1891. The programme was pleasing and well rendered, for which the teacher and scholars deserve much credit. Miss English is worthy of praise for the pleasant afternoon afforded her visitors. She was the recipient of a pretty present from her pupils.

Prizes were awarded the following pupils:

Penmanship— Ella Adams and Frank McClendon.

Attendance—Grace Silberhorn.

Head Marks—Myrtle Silberhorn and Edna Silberhorn.

The exercises were as follows:

PROGRAMME.

Song—Greeting ..... School
Declamation—Greeting ..... Leonard Green
Recitation—Little Girl ..... Grace Silberhorn
Declamation—Little Boy ..... Fred Horr
Dialogue—Nothing like Training ..... Class
Declamation—Old Bachelor ... Walter McClendon
Recitation—Old Maid ..... Myrtle Silberhorn
Declamation—Calling a boy in the morn E. Dodge
Recitation—Vacation ..... Josie Shuster
Dialogue—Rejected .....
Misses English, Adams, and George McClendon
Declamation—Young Orator ... Clarence Shuster
Recitation—Our School ..... Edna Silberhorn
Declamation—Some things puzzle me... S. Gurley
Song—People will talk ..... School
Declamation—School boy ..... Johnny Gurley
Comic Composition—Woodchucks F. McClendon
Declamation—Do right ..... Elmer Shuster
Valedictory ..... George McClendon
Remarks from Trustees and Patrons of School
Song—God be with you ..... Audience and School

Dry Creek Items.

Miss Mary Wallach of Boonville has been visiting friends in this vicinity.

Will Ornbaun has leased the York ranch at Yorkville. The people say he needs a cook. How about it Will?

Mr. Gibbons of Yorkville has moved to the Hardin place near Hermitage.

We hear that Dick York and family are soon to leave us. They are going to Boonville.

Our school will close in a few weeks. Wonder if our teacher can leave so soon.

As we have had so little rain, but few of the farmers have got any grain sowed. But the rain was heavy enough to stop most of the teaming on the Cloverdale road.

I wonder what has become of Monkey. If he is still in the land of the living we would like to hear from him occasionally. SANCHO.

Board of Town Trustees.

The Board met Saturday night pursuant to adjournment; present: Day, Hagans, Isbell, Brown, and Gibson.

Bills allowed:

J J Miller, hauling	$11 00
H T Hatch, lumber	59 80
F M Mason, carpenter work etc	23 90

Petition to open Ford Street referred to Street Commissioners to report at next meeting.

Bids for the construction of bridge over Orr Creek at Bush Street crossing received as follows:

James George	$384 00
McCloud and Cook	547 00
F M Mason	358 50
Crockett & Milne	384 00
T C B Phinney	525 00

Contract awarded to F. M. Mason, and 40 days given in which to complete the bridge.

Board Adjourned.

Coming to Ukiah.

The Bellevue Medical specialists of New York City will be represented at the Curtis House Monday and Tuesday, December 14th and 15th. They will visit Ukiah once every four weeks, and to establish a wide reputation will render their services free of charge. They will treat nasal catarrh, dyspepsia, rheumatism, nervous debility, diseases of the skin, eyes, ears, throat, lungs, liver, kidneys, and female diseases. They attribute their phenominal results to the purity and rarity of the drugs they use, the most careful diagnosis and direct method of reaching the very seat of the disease. They make every case a special study, but will not take a case to treat without there is a certainty of making a complete cure. They do not advertise their cure, or in any way bring their patients into publicity.

A Bean Guess.

On the first day of January, 1892, J. W. Eversole will give away one elegant willow and one beautiful upholstered rocker. With each dollar's worth of goods sold for cash, during the month of December, he will give one chance to guess the number of beans contained in a fancy fruit basket which is displayed in his show window, together with the rockers. The one guessing nearest to the number of beans will have first choice and the next nearest, the remaining rocker.

Lecture on "Home."

Rev. Eli McClish delivered quite an able lecture at St. John's M. E. Church last Tuesday evening. The audience was not large. It was the second of a course of three lectures being given at the church. The subject of the lecture was "Home," the topic which always appeals with force to the human intellect and conscience. The ideal home pictured by the speaker is worth the greatest strivings.

Stole a Purse.

While Mrs. S. Duncan was cleaning the M. E. Church, South last Saturday, a sneak-thief stole her purse containing $20 in gold and a gold breastpin. She left the purse in the lower part of the church and went up stairs. When she came down the purse and contents were missing. She heard someone in the church, but does not know who it was.

Notice.

The prices for Horseshoeing at the undersigned shops will be as follows on and after Dec. 1st, 1891.

Shoeing	$2 00
Resetting	1 50

Signed: Thos. Charlton, Wm. H. Chessall, Wm. H. Lewis, Buckle and Keenan.

Flowers—Roses.

Narcissus, hyacinths, tulips, and lilies, fine bulbs and very cheap. Nothing better for cemeteries. Finest varieties of roses 25 cents and up. Fine balled cypress 15 cents each. Hedge trees cheap. Maples and all sorts of ornamentals.

CARL PURDY.

Wanted! Wanted!

"Every lady in Ukiah to receive a a free trial of Miss Flora A. Jones' Famous 'Blush of Roses' for the complexion. (Price 75 cents). I will be in Ukiah this week or next." Lillian Geer, Manager Branch Office, "Blush of Roses."

Fine Chickens For Sale!

Roosters from the finest strains of Brown and White Leghorns for sale, also Created Houdans, by

L. D. HARGIS JR.
Ukiah, Cal.

WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS—Choice Wines and Liquors.

A CANARD.

The New York Press Exposes that "Important Bill" business.

The artcle credited to the New York *Press* in a recent issue of this paper, in which it was alleged that unfavorable action had been taken in the New York Legislature against the Royal Baking Powder, proves to have been a canard, gotten up and circulated by opposition baking powder makers for purposes quite apparent to everyone.

The New York *Press*, in exposing the fraud, says: "No such legislation as that stated in this article has ever had in this State—or in any legislature, to our knowledge." The lie is made from whole cloth. The *Press* disclaims any responsibility for the publication, and objects to being made a party to such methods adopted by some baking powder manufacturers in their efforts to substitute their goods for others now in use.

COAST ITEMS.

Mendocino Beacon.

We are informed that a theater will shortly be opened at Ft. Bragg.

A grand Christmas ball will be given at Westport on Thursday evening, Dec. 24, by L. W. Wade.

Lottie Gray had the misfortune to be thrown from a horse last Monday and fell on her right shoulder severely injuring it.

The ball given in Murray's Hall Wednesday night by the Knights of Labor was a great success, socially and otherwise.

The closing exercises of our public school on Friday afternoon of last week were unusually interesting, and were attended by a large number of parents of pupils and friends of education.

Supt. J. C. Ford returned Wednesday from a trip to San Francisco via Ukiah. Miss Marion Van Duzen accompanied him from the latter place and is visiting her sister, Mrs. Eugene Brown.

The examination of Thomas Aberson before G. Canning Smith, J. P., on Friday afternoon of last week, charged with assault with a deadly weapon on the person of Gus. Hillman, resulted in the prisoner being held to appear before the Superior Court with bonds fixed at $1000. Attorney J. E. Pemberton appeared for the accused, but for the lack of evidence was unable to induce the Justice to dismiss the case. Not being able to secure the necessary bonds, Aberson was taken to the county jail Tuesday by Constable Byrnes.

The First Step.

Perhaps you are run down, can't eat, can't sleep, can't think, can't do anything to your satisfaction, and you wonder what ails you. You should heed the warning, you are taking the first step into nervous protration. You need a nerve tonic and in Electric Bitters you will find the exact remedy for restoring your nervous system to its normal, healthy condition. Surprising results follow the use of this great nerve tonic and alternative. Your appetite returns, good digestion is restored, and the liver and kidneys resume healthy action. Try a bottle. Price 50c at J. R. Mathews' Drugstore.

San Diego and Los Angeles honey at TEMPLETON'S.

Eversole has the best assortment of fancy chairs in town.

Have you guessed on the beans yet? If not go to Eversole's.

TEMPLETON has just received a large consignment of teas and coffees.

Don't fail to get TEMPLETON'S prices on groceries before buying elsewhere.

The Cloverdale ball masque was a big success. About fifty couple masked.

Mrs. Anna Sublette of Minneapolis, a sister of Mrs. J. B. Haston, is visiting here.

Fifteen civil cases and four probate cases were filed with the Clerk of the court in November.

Rev. J. B. Haston, Carl Purdy, and Rev. M. A. Starr are at work on articles for the New Year's number.

Mrs. M. W. Burns and Miss Irene Fowler of Little Lake were in town Wednesday on their way to San Francisco.

The popular play, "Lady of Lyons" by local talent, will be on the boards at the opera house some time this month.

Any article sold by TEMPLETON that is not as represented in weight or quality return the goods and money will be refunded.

C. Hofman's Cheap Cash Store is a perfect mart of merchandise of all kinds. No such a stock has ever before been seen in town.

Carpenter's large skylight enables him to do as good work in rainy weather as any other. Now is the time to get your holiday photos.

There were nine marriage licenses taken out in November, and only one divorce suit commenced. Marriage isn't such a failure after all.

Rev. Mr. Hasten will preach Sunday evening on "The Salvation Army—What is it and How Good is it?" Members of the Army invited.

Preaching at the Baptist Church Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Morning subject, "Living Devotion." Evening, "God's Presence." All are invited.

E. S. Ames has a big ad in this issue, and it may be expected for he has a big store, and it is full of big bargains. In fact he goes on a big scale. Read him and profit thereby.

Preaching at the Presbyterian Church Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M.—by the pastor. Communion at the close of the morning service. Evening subject, "Woman—Her Influence."

The amount of timber shipped from Mendocino county during the month of November was as follows: lumber, 7,684,176 feet; shingles, 300,000, R. R. ties, 105,421. All the ties were shipped from Fort Bragg.

L. B. Frasier, of Potter, will represent that valley in a write up for our New Year edition. We recommend that the Potter people give him all the assistance in their power, and a fine article on the valley may be looked for.

Redwood posts have been taken up at old Fort Ross in Mendocino county that were placed in the ground by the Russians and are known to have been in the ground considerably over a hundred years, and are claimed to be in as perfect state of preservation as when put down.—*Wood and Iron.*

CITY AND COUNTY.

WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS, south side Court House.

Use "Lily White" Flour and have a peaceable household.

Read E. S. Ames ad of his Elegant Premium Gift.

WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS—Choice Wines and Liquors.

Maple syrup and self raising buckwheat at TEMPLETON'S.

D. L. Sawyar and wife of Little Lake were in Ukiah Monday.

Get your barley softened and rolled at City Mills. No dust.

Gold crown and bridge work. Case, dentist. Marks' building.

Fine large portrait given away at E. S. Ames Palace Shoe Store.

Buy a fancy rocker for your wife's Christmas gift, at Eversole's.

WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS—Free Lunch from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

When in town take a look at E. S. Ames Palace Shoe Store windows.

WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS—Free Lunch from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

Carpenters are at work on the new Presbyterian Church parsonage.

Ernest Holliday, of Santa Cruz, spent a few weeks in Ukiah last week.

Postmaster Critchfield has moved into his new residence in the Todd addition.

A splendid opportunity. A ¾ life size Portrait free at E. S. Ames Palace Shoe Store.

J. E. Reilly of Christine, Superintendent of the Navarro Woods, was in town Saturday.

The fees of the County Clerk for November were $132.40, and those of Recorder $263.60.

The *Overland* is preparing an article on "Staging in Mendocino," to appear in the early summer.

All kinds of furniture, upholstery, carpets, etc. at Cunninghom & Son's, at bed rock prices.

Mrs. Mary Owens of Healdsburg, has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. Buckle, the past week.

Attention is called to the advertisement of Lily White Flour. The local agent is J. P. Hofman.

King's Royal Germetuer is an honest medicine for the people. Sold by all druggists $1 per bottle.

Jesse Miller, who was reported as in a fair way to recovery, has had a relapse and is seriously ill again.

By having a big trade we are prepared to fill any kind of an order with the very freshest of goods. Porterfield & Stitt.

Buy your boots and shoes of E. S. Ames and get a ¾ life size portrait of yourself, framed, ready to hang on the wall—free.

A fine crayon and India ink portraits given away free to our cash customers, copied from any portrait they may select. Ask for a card.

H. C. Clark, a journalist of Yuba City, is in Ukiah. He has consented to assist in the forthcoming New Year's edition of the PRESS.

Something new. The ladies of the St. John's M. E. Church will give a Rainbow Entertainment and Doll's Fete on the night of Dec. 15th.

If you are about to furnish your house, be true to your own interest, and examine Cunningham & Son's stock of eastern goods before you buy.

Centerville is to have an express office. L. B. Frazier is the agent without salary. A telephone line is among the possibilities in the near future.

One dozen fine photos, on cabinet card, for 50 cents, by Carpenter. All other work 50 cents on the dozen cheaper than any other gallery in the county.

Edwards Bros. are now well established in their new quarters on Standley Street. Everything in their line kept and best quality furnished as before.

Mrs. J. H. Saunders and Mrs. Kate Phelps have been in the city this week. Mrs. Phelps is purchasing a stock of ladies fancy and furnishing goods, and will open a bazaar in Ukiah.

In selecting holiday goods, most people prefer the best. For real fine selections in albums, manicures, christmas cards, perfumery, etc., you are referred to the City Pharmacy.

The PRESS wants more correspondents. Send in your items from all over the county. We would like to represent every town, hamlet, and neighborhood in the county but must have help to do it.

A heavy failure occured recently in San Francisco, that of Pinkerts' Bazaar. C. Hofman, as usual attended, the Sheriff's sale and got great bargains which are now arriving—all fresh, seasonable goods.

C. Hofman is receiving an immense stock of lamp goods, decorated china, porcelain and glass, in plain and decorated, for Thanksgiving and holidays. The above may be had at the prices of common goods.

The stated communication of Abel Lodge, F. and A. M. occuring on the 12th of December, will be the occasion for the annual election of officers. Masons are requested to take due notice and govern themselves accordingly.

The taxes of the first installment became due Tuesday, December 1st. Henceforth 15 per cent will be added. Tax Collector Johnson and his deputies have taken every pains to acquaint the taxpayers of the county with the provision of the new law, and to prevent any from going delinquent. The knowledge has been lost upon many, however, as there is a large delinquent list.

An Indian Sunday school has been organized at the Chapel. Last Sunday, the second since organization, there were 70 scholars present. The little natives seem to like the work, and are taking great interest. As a wonderful ample of progress, some of the day ex-school scholars who have been attending five weeks were able to read from the testament Sunday. They expect to have a Christmas tree at the Chapel.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

PALACE SHOE STORE

SAMPLE PICTURE.

FREE! FREE!

KNOWING the very general desire among our customers for good family portraits, we take pleasure in announcing to them as well as to the public at large, that we have made arrangements with one of the largest and best known Portrait Copying Houses in this Country to copy for us 500 or more Photos, which we are to send them. These Photos are to be enlarged and finished in Crayon and India Ink 1-3-4 life size, framed and ready to hang upon the wall, of the same size and quality as have been sold for years at $10 each, and we propose to make a present of one of these elegant Portraits to each of our Cash Customers. The price of our goods will remain JUST AS LOW AS HERETOFORE, but we trust that this unexampled offer on our part will greatly stimulate cash trade and induce ALL TO BUY FOR CASH as well as to prove to the public generally that it is not only our aim to sell

GOODS CLOSELY FOR CASH

but to please our customers in other ways and to occasionally deal with them with extra liberality in repayment for their custom which they have so generously showered upon us in the past, and which we have no doubt they will continue to give us in the future.

Respectfully,

E. S. AMES.
Palace Shoe Store.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Fat hogs wanted at Smith & Gibson.

Established 1878—WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS.

Established 1878—WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS.

Miss Jennie Deselm of Centerville is visiting in town.

Mrs. I. N. Stapp visited friends in Boonville this week.

The number of names placed on the Great Register to date is 830.

Those who use "Lily White" Flour have the best bread on their table.

Always get your upholstering and other repairing done at Lewis Bros,

Have you seen the Elegant Sample Premium Offer in the Palace Shoe Store window?

J. McGlashan and wife have both been sick for the past two weeks, but are recovering now.

For all kinds of jobbing and furniture for house or office have it made to order at Lewis Bros.

Chas. Tindall and J. S. Kimball, of the firm of Tindall, Kimball, & Welle of Point Arena, were in Ukiah this week.

W. I. Bailey completed a fine concrete wall around Mrs. M. Hoffman's lot in the I. O. O. F. Cemetery, last week.

Porterfield & Stitt make poultry a specialty. With several years experience we are satisfied we can make you money by bringing your poultry to us.

Jerome Gattrell, a brother of Mart Gattrell of this place died in Madera, Fresno county, last Wednesday. He was in partnership with Mart here years ago.

C. W. Tindall of Pt. Arena, R. E. Armstrong of Boonville, A. D. Pullen of Little River, and J. A. Cameron of Westport are among the county people in town this week.

Religious services were held in front of the Court House, Sunday afternoon, and a large audience was present. The assemblage was addressed by Revs. Haston, Fleenor, and Starr.

H. B. Muir of Willits was in town this week. Mr. Muir, in connection with others at Little Lake, has consented to prepare the article for that valley in the New Year's edition.

The Ladies of the M. E. Church South will give a dinner in Gibson's brick building—south side of Post Office, on Dec. 23d. It will consist of the very best that can be procured.

A job office has been established at Willits with the view of doing the local printing. A. L. Fennell is one of the proprietors. The PRESS hopes the effort may be crowned with success.

Thanksgiving was appropriately observed in Ukiah. There was almost total cessation from labor. Rev. M. A. Starr preached at the Baptist Church in the morning. In the evening was the entertainment given for the Christian Church.

Perry Nuckolls, a brother of Will Nuckolls of this place, died at St. Helena, Monday. The body arrived on the train yesterday, and was taken to Redwood Valley for interment, the relatives attending it.

Harry Morris' horse and cart took a lively run up State Street as far as the County Farm, last Saturday evening, when just above the County Farm he turned around and came back to his stable. No damage was done to either horse or vehicle.

The will of Juan Bermudas has been filed for probate. The value of the estate is $6000, and is willed to the children. The estate consists chiefly of insurance policies. One of the policies was drawn in favor of his former wife, and never changed. This will be contested by her.

Rain brought the plowing season, and speaking about plows, the Solid Comfort Sulky Plow, now on sale at Bruner's, is certainly the most successful departure from what hitherto was called sulky or riding plows and were known for their unhandiness and heavy draft. The above plow is found as handy and easy running as the best hand plow working in as close quarters and doing better work in any soil, level or rough. They are sold under a guarantee to be and do what is claimed for them, and shares to wear longer than on hand plows.

CITY AND COUNTY.

Fresh lard at Smith & Gibson.

Established 1878—WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS.

Teeth without plates. Case, dentist, Marks building.

F. H. Brown of Anderson Valley was over Monday.

WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS, south side of Court House.

Ed D. Camp, the always acceptable "Ed," was in town Saturday.

King's Royal Germetuer is the only remedy for catarrh that never fails.

WANTED—A bright boy to learn the cigar trade at Ukiah Cigar factory. 3t

O. Howell, the popular proprietor of Duncan Springs, was in town Friday.

Miss Ida Elder, one of our county school teachers, is home on a vacation.

At the City Pharmacy, you will find a selected stock of sponges and chamois.

A trial is all that is necessary to convince one that "Lily White" Flour is the best.

T. A. Asbridge will run a 'bus on the night of the masquerade ball (New Years).

Mrs. J. McGlashan, who has been quite ill for several days past, is convalescent.

Jno. M. Curtis, the architect of the Jail and Hall of Records, was in town this week.

Green Bartlett, the wealthy owner of Bartlett Springs, is on the verge of delirium tremens.

Benj. Howard of Reno, Nevada, has been visiting his uncle, W. D. White, for the past week.

Miss Marion Van Duzen went over to Mendocino City, last Thursday, on a visit to her sister, Mrs, E. Brown of that place.

Free! Free! Free! Secure a ticket at E. S. Ames Palace Shoe Store and get a ¾ life size Portrait in crayon and India ink, elegantly framed.

Mr. Porterfield and wife left Tuesday for a trip to Santa Rosa, San Francisco, San Jose, and Colusa. They will be absent about six weeks.

The inmates of the County Farm were treated to a fine chicken dinner on Thanksgiving, fourteen chickens being slaughtered for the occasion.

Every variety of dyspepsia or indigestion can be thoroughly cured by using Dr. Kings Royal Germetuer. Sold by all druggists $1.00 per bottle.

King's Royal Germetuer is not a mere palliative or stimulant but it effects a permanent cure by removing the cause. Sold by all druggists $1.00 a bottle.

The Eclectic Medical Society of the State of California meets in San Francisco on next Tuesday 8th. Dr. G. W. Stout, the president of the Society, will leave Monday to be gone most of the week. His patients are requested to take note of his departure.

Two Chinamen had a lively set-to just north of the Grand Tea Store last Saturday afternoon, which afforded a great deal of amusement to the lookers-on. They hammered eachother around for several minutes, when another Mongol separated them. One claimed that the other had stolen his chickens, and was called a liar, consequently the fight.

Both protectionists and free traders will find it to their advantage to have the *Home Market Bulletin* during the Presidental year. It is a stout advocate of protection. Its points are clear and its arguments boiled down. Whoever would discuss this great national question should know both sides. The PRESS and the *Bulletin* for only $2.50.

Ten Thousand Turkeys Wanted!

We need ten thousand Dressed Turkeys to fill Thanksgiving and Christmas orders. Consignments of Dressed Poultry are particularly solicited. We have special facilities for disposing of large quantities. Highest prices obtained, returns prompt, cash payments. With twenty-two years' experience, we are prepared to guarantee satisfaction. Write us for particulars, tags and shipping directions.

Robert Haight & Co.
Commission Merchants and Wholesale Dealers in Farm and Dairy Products, Front Street, San Francisco.

FOURTEENTH ANNUAL

Masquerade Ball

GIVEN BY

Eagle Fire Co. No. 1,

OF UKIAH, AT

MARKS' OPERA HOUSE,

NEW YEARS EVE, DEC. 31

COMMITTEES.

ARRANGEMENTS—J. R. Johnson, Chairman; Chas. Cunningham, Secretary; J. E. Porter, F. P. Baldwin, J. A. King.

RECEPTION—L. T. Day, Q. A. Overmeyer, C. E. Nutter, J. H. Barker, R. F. Myres.

FLOOR—F. P. Baldwin, Floor Manager; A. W. King, W. H. Southard, J. E. Porter, Joe Jacobs, S. J. Mathews, Assistants.

INVITATION—UKIAH—W. H. Chessall, Geo. Fahrion, S. J. Holliday, E. C. Ward. POTTER—John Redemeyer, Joe Brower, L. H. Nell. HOPLAND—F. O. Forse, T. Barker, Lige Duncan. ANDERSON—Jas. Reilly, Jno McGimpsey, Jno Rector. CALPELLA—Cal. Toney, Wm. Chase, Geo. English.

4--HANDSOME PRIZES--4

WILL BE AWARDED.

One Each for the Most Original Costume, Lady and Gent.

One Each for the Most Handsome Costume, Lady and Gent.

The Ukiah Orchestra

Will furnish music for the occasion. Grand March at 8:30 sharp. Save time and trouble by buying your tickets before hand.

ADMISSION:

LADY MASKERS,	FREE
GENTLEMEN,	$1.50
SPECTATORS,	.50
RESERVED SEATS,	.75

Is acknowledged to be the best 5-cent cigar ever sold.

FOR SALE BY

GEO. E. JAMISON

UKIAH, CAL.

COLLEGE

THE CURIOSITY SHOP

JEWELS AS MEDICINES.

Popular Superstitions Which Once Influenced Wearers of Precious Stones.

Although popularly supposed to be itself a deadly poison, the diamond has from remote ages been credited with the power of protecting the wearer from the evil effects of other poisons, a reputation which it retained until comparatively recent times. According to Pliny, it also keeps off insanity. Amber, too, was supposed to possess the latter virtue. Besides the diamond, several other stones were supposed to possess medicinal virtues.

The ruby was considered good for derangements of the liver as well as for bad eyes.

The sapphire and emerald were also credited with properties which rendered them capable of influencing ophthalmic disorders, and there is a superstitious belief that serpents are blinded by looking at the latter stone.

The turquoise, although not credited with either remedial or protective properties so far as disease was concerned, was nevertheless regarded as a kind of sympathetic indicator, the intensity of its color being supposed to fluctuate with the health of the wearer. The latter, moreover, by virtue of the stone he carried could, it was said, fall from any height with impunity. The Marquis of Vilena's fool, however, was somewhat nearer the truth when he reversed the popular superstition in his assertion that the wearer of a turquoise might fall from the top of a high tower and be dashed to pieces without breaking the stone.

The opal was looked upon as a thunderstone, and although many women now appear to have a strong superstitious prejudice against wearing one, it was in bygone days held in the highest estimation, for it was supposed to combine the virtues of several other gems. On the other hand, the onyx—so named on account of its resemblance to the color of the finger nails—could scarcely have been a nice stone to wear; for, according to mediæval superstition, it rendered one particularly susceptible to annoyance from nightmares and demons.

Temperance advocates, if they have any regard for the beliefs of the Greeks and Romans, might, according to Chambers' Journal, seriously consider the advisability of distributing amethysts among drunkards, for it was supposed that these stones prevented intoxication. Coral was made use of by the Romans as a protection against the evil eye, and popular superstition has credited the topaz with the power of depriving boiling water of its heat.

Indian Names and Their Meanings.

A Maine exchange gives the significance of a number of Indian names of rivers, lakes, mountains, etc., as follows:

Winnipiseogee—Land of the beautiful lake.
Shetucket—The land between the rivers.
Quinebaug—Long pond.
Cochituate—Land on or near falls or rapid streams.
Katahdin—The highest place.
Nahant—At the point.
Ossipee—Strong river.
Wiscasset—Place of yellow pine.
Monadnock—The spirits' place.
Piscataqua—Great deer river.
Cohasset—Place of pines.
Kearsarge—Pine mountain.
Quinsigamond—Fishing place for pickerel.
Passamaquoddy—Great place for pollock.
Contoocook—Crow river.
Norwalk—The middle land (a tract between two rivers).
Kennebunk—Long water place.
Wachusett—The mountain.
Umbagog—Clear lake.
Coos—Place of pines.
Kennebec—Long lake.
Pawtucket—At the falls.
Norridgewock—Place of deer.
Casco—Crane.
Passumpsic—Much clear water.
Sagadahoc—Ending place—i. e., mouth of the Kennebec.

The Origin of the Side Saddle.

The horrified opposers of the movement for women's riding en cavalier may be interested in learning that had it not been for an accident of fashion the gentler sex would be striding their horses still, and that the side saddle is not an invention due to the advanced modesty of civilization. It appears that one Anna, of Bohemia, eldest daughter of a German emperor and wife of an English king, introduced the custom, not from delicate repulsion to the old method, but simply because she was afflicted with some sort of deformity that rendered it impossible for her to ride upon the saddle in common use, says the New York Sun. In those days it was imperative that a woman should ride, accordingly the first side saddle was invented. Royalty had then, as now, snobbish followers ever on the alert to adopt fashions honored by its patronage, and in a few months every woman of place in England possessed a side saddle and the custom was established.

Lucretia.

Every age and every country have their heroines, whose deeds or sufferings are recorded in history, and who, under the influence of time, became symbols of typical feminine virtues. Painters delight in perpetuating the fame of their ideals in character portraits and historical pictures. Thus it was with Lucretia, the symbol of heroic virtue and purity in ancient Rome. She was the wife of Collatinus, a Roman noble. Not to survive the insult which had been offered to her by Sextus, the son of Tarquinius Superbus, she stabbed herself, after having summoned her father and husband to acquaint them with the indignity she had suffered. The Romans rose in revolt on the sight of her lifeless body and her death was speedily avenged by the expulsion of the Tarquins from Rome, the abolishment of royalty and the establishment of a consular government (B. C. 509)

The Dog Days.

According to one of many explanations, we owe the notion of the dog days to the old Romans. These days embrace the period between the 3d of July and the 11th of August. Falling thus in the height of summer, it need not have surprised the Romans that July must naturally be a very hot month. But this explanation was too simple. So they made out that the heat and the diseases that it gave rise to were due to the fact that the star Canicula (the Little Dog) rose and set at the same time as the sun. This was an absurd superstition, for the Little Dog does not rise with the sun now till the end of August, and yet July remains as hot as ever it was. But popular delusions die hard, and the "dog days" will be a favorite phrase for ages.

Rev. A. W. Mann, the deaf mute preacher, says that there are 40,000 deaf mutes in the United States and upward of a million in the world. The ratio of deaf mutes to the rest of the population, according to his computation, is one to every 1,600.

A Monster Fish.

Thompson Blanton, of Flatwoods, has secured the biggest fish that has been taken out of the St. Francois river for years past. Together with his family, Mr. B. has been spending several days in the vicinity where the Little St. Francois flows into the Big St. Francois, camping, fishing and having a good time generally. One morning he took a boat and went out gigging. He hadn't went far when he distinguished a big moving mass in the stream. At first he couldn't tell what it was, but as the boat drew nearer he discovered that it was a monster fish. He let the gig fly, struck center, and hauled his game in. It proved to be a big shovel catfish, measured four feet from tip to tip, two feet in circumference and weighed almost half a hundred pounds.

The whole family lived on fish for three days, and in verification of the truthfulness of his story Thompson brought the head of the fish into town. It alone was over one foot in length and fully six inches in diameter. It is the biggest fish story of the season, and what makes it fully so is that there is no exaggeration in the tale. The head is now on exhibition at the Pilot [illegible] where the doubter can [illegible] himself of the reliability of [illegible]

WASTED FORAGE.

WHY NOT UTILIZE PRUNINGS OF THE VINEYARD?

Examples Which Show the Food Value of Brush and Twigs of Many Species of Wild Undergrowth—Leaves and Twigs Are as Nutritious as Grass.

The down East Yankee is a very useful citizen. He is of an observing and inquiring turn of mind. When he observes anything out of the regular course he is very likely to inquire the whys and wherefores.

A New Englander, going into the mountains of Tennessee, a densely timbered country, found the stock of the country on the outside range in winter in really fine condition. The outside range was covered with tall forest trees and low bushes. Naturally, he supposed good grass must be plentiful under the bushes. His experience had been that cattle, mules and horses pastured only on grass. On looking up the matter he could find no grasses whatever. He then followed up the stock to see what they fed on and was surprised to learn that twigs, leaves and bushes, mostly twigs, were the foods eaten. If he asked a native mountaineer what the stock fed on in winter the answer would have been: "Why, on browse and mast. They get very fat in the autumn when we have a good season for mast. When the season is poor they have to fill up on browse and they do fairly when the winter is not too stormy."

Browse is the twigs of bushes and the barks of certain trees. Cattle, generally, depend on the twigs from many species of bushes, yet many of them learn to eat bark. Horses and mules favor both bark and twigs.

After learning these facts and observing results, our Yankee concluded, if the summer food in the woods was all right, he could turn a penny by going into stock raising in a small way. When summer came he could hardly find a spear of grass. Yet the stock seemed to be having a pleasant time of it and were thriving. So he had to follow up the cow again and see what she found to eat. He found her gathering the bursting buds from the bushes, and later in the season feeding on the matured leaves, with a dessert of little, tender, inconspicuous annuals growing among the bushes. In late summer the mast began to ripen. The term mast seemed to include every berry, fruit, seed, nut and acorn that stock could eat. The persimmon was the favorite with nearly all. In a persimmon country everything from the cat to the horse seems to feed upon and grow fat on that bush and its fruits. Thus the mast gave the round of the season. The Yankee went into the stock business and is making a good living, so he reports, growing stock without grass, grain, hay or fodder. In very bad winters he fills out with a small portion of cheap fodder.

Being an educated man he has discovered by analysis that the buds of trees have plenty of much the same form of nutrition for animal life that seeds have, and that many trees are really more nutritious than average grasses, and the inner barks and sapwoods of many trees are excellent foods for stock. It is true that the buds, leaves and barks of many trees carry so large an amount of what may be termed the medicinal qualities of plants as to cause them to be distasteful or even poisonous to animals feeding on them. Yet there are enough that are safe and good.

This explains why cattle do finely on the sagebrush plains of this country. Cattle, horses and all animals when turned on a mixed range, as a rule, feed entirely on the food that is easiest to gather and masticate. They are like human beings, very fond of certain delicacies.

The buds, twigs, bark and sapwood of many bushes have a greater food value, pound for pound, than the best grass or hay, but it is very much harder and more tedious to gather and harder to masticate, therefore animals naturally prefer the grass or hay. Yet cows feed largely on bush and tree leaves in timbered countries. They get all in reach, and come near climbing the trees. Especially late in autumn are cows ravenous for certain leaves.

All of this is to emphasize what seems to be a very valuable food source for stock in wide sections of this Coast. The prunings of our vineyards are worth more for stock feed than the best hay if fed fresh as cut from the vine, especially to horses or mules. This is not guess work. Actual tests have proven such prunings to be good, wholesome food for horses. It is well known to all observing persons that cows eat it freely whenever they can get it. Why should it not be a first class food. It carries nearly the same nutritive substances in about the same proportions that all vegetables possess.

Many vines have these substances so firmly bound up in the tissues that they cannot be masticated. Others are so that certain animals could digest if they could chew them; others are too firmly bound up as woody fibre to be chewed or digested. Many others have peculiar flavors that are not acceptable; others carry alkaloids, tanin, etc., so as to be injurious. Grape prunings are easily ground up by the teeth, are acceptable in flavor, wholesome, and most certainly carry the average amount of nutrition found in good forage plants. Try them—gradually at first—and see if they are not better than dry hay. The Indians of the plains wintered their ponies entirely on browse of the cottonwood tree, but were too lazy to furnish them even enough of that and for that reason such food fell into disrepute with the whites.

D. B. WIER.

Progress in California.

Fifteen years ago there was not a single orange exported from California. Last year there were over 4,000 carloads shipped away. In 1875 the Southern Pacific shipped 508 pounds of raisins; last year over 26,000,000 pounds.

Two Foreign Languages Necessary.

A professional man ought to know at least two foreign languages. If he has a decided penchant for lingual studies—and a strong bent of mind usually indicates special capacity—it may be worth while for him to extend his list to Italian and Spanish, even to go outside of these; but French and German he ought to possess as part of the very means of his contact with modern life. These languages will admit him to everything that is valuable in the newest thought of the time, since it may be truly said that a production which does not speedily see the light, either originally or by translation, in English, French or German is either not worth special attention or can be calmly waited for.—Interview in Boston Herald.

Rainy Day Costumes for Boston Women.

The Woman's Dress Reform club in Boston numbers some 200 members, comprising teachers, doctors, writers and other professional workers. The first rainy day all the members are pledged to appear in a stormy weather costume, consisting of a kilted skirt in waterproof cloth reaching a little way below the knees and revealing gaiters of waterproof cloth or riding boots. A reefer coat will cover the upper part of the figure and a tarpaulin hat complete the costume.—New York Sun.

War and Law.

The ironclad Merrimac which harassed the Union fleet, and was herself finally disabled by the Monitor, made during her first unquestionable triumphs a victim of the frigate Congress. After the fight had continued for some time, the Merrimac was so fortunate as to take such a position relative to her enemy that the destruction of the Congress became only a question of moments.

Her commander was slain, she had been repeatedly set on fire, and her decks were covered with dead and wounded. She was accordingly run ashore, and there hoisted the white flag.

The Merrimac now sent alongside two tugs to take possession and remove the prisoners, but these were driven back by a sharp firing from the shore.

General Mansfield had directed the Twentieth Indiana to deploy along the beach, behind a sand ridge, and two guns were wheeled into position to prevent the enemy's making away with its prize.

Captain Reed, who was as good a lawyer as soldier, raised a question of military law.

"Since the ship has surrendered," said he, "has not the enemy the right to take possession of her?"

Then General Mansfield uttered one of the shortest and most conclusive opinions on record.

"I know the old ship has surrendered," said he, "but we haven't."

That settled it. Unable to take possession of the prize, the Merrimac opened upon her with incendiary fire and then withdrew. The remnant of the Union crew was brought on shore, and that night, when the fire had reached her magazine, the Congress blew up. That lightning decision had at least saved her crew.—Youth's Companion.

How a Coat of Tar Feels.

People who read of tarring and feathering know that the punishment is a very unpleasant one, but few imagine how terribly painful and dangerous it is. In Wyoming I once saw a man who had been tarred and feathered, and although he fully deserved the discipline I could not help pitying him. Hardened tar is very hard to remove from the skin, and when feathers are added it forms a kind of cement that sticks closer than a brother. As soon as the tar sets the victim's suffering begins. It contracts as it cools, and every one of the little veins on the body is pulled, causing the most exquisite agony. The perspiration is entirely stopped, and unless the tar is removed death is certain to ensue.

But the removal is no easy task and requires several days. The tar cannot be softened by the application of heat, and must be peeled off bit by bit, sweet oil being used to make the process less painful. The irritation to the skin is very great, as the hairs cannot be disengaged, but must be pulled out or cut off. No man can be cleaned of tar in a single day, as the pain of the operation would be too excruciating for endurance, and until this is done he has to suffer from a pain like that of 10,000 pin pricks. Numbers of men have died under the torture, and none who have gone through it regard tar and feathering as anything but a most fearful infliction.—Interview in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

How an Indian War Was Begun.

The Modoc war of 1872, in which so many valuable lives were lost, was begun by the advance of half a troop of the First cavalry. This force rode up to the Indian camp, dismounted and were standing to horse, with probably no thought of being murdered or of any serious trouble. It is reported that while the officer in command was talking to the chief a rifle was discharged by an Indian, either accidentally or as a signal, and that instantly thereafter firing on the troops took place and a number were killed and wounded.

The Indians, about sixty in number, taking advantage of the confusion among the troops, retired to their stronghold in the lava beds, murdering every white man en route. In this stronghold they defied the government, massacred a commission composed of prominent men sent to them in peace, and withstood the attacks of 1,300 soldiers for months, and until both food and water gave out.—Colonel E. V. Sumner in Century.

An Old Custom in Durham Cathedral.

A curious custom, and one which we believe is in existence at the present time at Durham cathedral, is for the choristers, clad in flowing white robes, to ascend the tower of the cathedral on the eve of the feast of Corpus Christi and sing the "Te Deum." This ceremony is performed to commemorate the miraculous extinguishment of a fire on that night in 1429. According to the legend the belfry was struck by lightning at midnight while the priests were engaged in prayer, and although the fire raged for several hours the bells escaped injury. This, it was said, was owing to the special interference of the incorruptible St. Cuthbert, who was enshrined in that cathedral.—London Tit-Bits.

PASTOR KOENIG'S NERVE TONIC. TRADE MARK.

A NATURAL REMEDY FOR

Epileptic Fits, Falling Sickness, Hysterics, St. Vitus Dance, Nervousness, Hypochondria, Melancholia, Inebrity, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Brain and Spinal Weakness.

This medicine has direct action upon the nerve centers, allaying all irritabilities, and increasing the flow and power of nerve fluid. It is perfectly harmless and leaves no unpleasant effects.

FREE—A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address, and poor patients can also obtain this medicine free of charge.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverend Pastor Koenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1876, and is now prepared under his direction by the

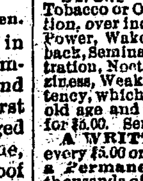
KOENIG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.

Sold by Druggists at $1 per Bottle. 6 for $5. Large Size, $1.75. 6 Bottles for $9.

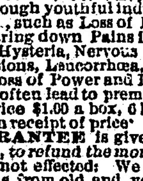
And in San Francisco, Cal., by R. E. WHITE & CO, 400 Hayes St.

The Celebrated French Cure,

Warranted to cure **"APHRODITINE"** or money refunded.



Is Sold on a POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease or any disorder of the generative organs of either sex, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants,



BEFORE AFTER

Tobacco or Opium, or through youthful indiscretion, over indulgence, &c., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the back, Seminal Weakness, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Nocturnal Emissions, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power and Impotency, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE is given for every $5.00 order received, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. We have thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, who have been permanently cured by the use of Aphroditine. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO.

PACIFIC BRANCH,

[illegible] Sansome Street, San Francisco, Cal.

For sale by J. R. Mathews, Agent, Ukiah, Cal.

S. F. & N. P. RY.

TIME TABLE.

1890 WINTER. 1890.

REGULAR PASSENGER TRAINS.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

STATIONS.	Dist.	Pas' A	Pas' B	F'ght A
		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
San Francisco........	0	7:40	8:00	2:00
			P. M.	
Cloverdale........	84½	11:30	12:00	3:00
Echo*........	89	11:42	12:12	3:20
Fountain*........	96	12:00	12:30	3:50
		P. M.		
Hopland........	99¼	12:10	12:40	4:20
Largo*........	103	12:20	12:50	4:45
El Robles°........	108¾	12:35	1:05	5:10
Ukiah........	113	12:45	1:15	5:30

TOWARD SAN FRANCISCO.

STATIONS.	Dist.	Pas' A	Pas' B	F'ght A
		P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Ukiah........	0	1:00	2:05	8:00
El Robles*........	4½	1:10	2:15	8:20
Largo°........	10	1:25	2:30	8:45
Hopland........	13¾	1:36	2:41	9:20
Fountain°........	17	1:56	2:51	9:35
Echo°........	24	2:14	3:11	10:05
Cloverdale........	28½	2:20	3:30	10:25
San Francisco........	113	6:05	7:25	9:25

A—Daily, Sunday excepted. B—Sunday only.
*°—Trains stop only on signal or to leave passengers.

H. C. WHITING, Sup't., San Rafael.
PETER McGLINN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

A Quiet Puff.

The little fellow is hardly to be blamed for taking a pull at the dozing parent's cigar, after hearing his praises of it, and knowing that it was made at **Paul Baier's** Ukiah Cigar Factory, which is a guarantee of its being a white labor product.

TO : LEASE !

—THE—

McEWEN RANCE.

(600 acres)

Estate of James McEwen, Glen Elen, Sonoma County, Cal.

Comprising some 600 acres of choice Garden, Valley, Grain, Fruit and Stock Land. Ten miles from Santa Rosa, three miles from Glen Ellen R. R. station and one and a half miles from Los Guilicos R. R. station. Fenced and cross-fenced. FINEST PASTURE LAND IN THE STATE. A magnificent and unsurpassed stock range. Numerous springs of water of varying temperature, including two fine warm springs, one of 90 and the other 74 degrees. Bounded by Sonoma Creek, a well filled and never failing stream. Comfortable dwelling and out-buildings; large barn, wine cellars, etc. No better stock ranch in the world. Nearly 300 acres now cleared and used for raising hay, grain, etc. A picturesque and charming location. Climate finely tempered. Beautiful parks of oak and other natural attractions.

FOR SALE ON REASONABLE TERMS, horses and cattle, wagons, farming implements, tools, etc., constituting equipment of the McEWEN RANCH.

For terms apply to Thomas A. Proctor, Santa Rosa, Cal., or Geo. W. Alexander, 401 Market Street, San Francisco, Executors of the estate of James McEwen, deceased.

A FREE TRIP TO THE WORLD'S FAIR

Commencing May 1, 1893.

The History Company of San Francisco, Cal. (capital stock $500,000) the oldest and largest publishing house on the Pacific Coast, this day announce that they will give, absolutely free, a ticket to the World's Fair and return, including meals en route one week (7 days) hotel accommodations, six admission tickets to the exposition grounds, two tickets to leading Chicago theaters and such other privileges as may insure a pleasant trip, to deserving persons, who comply with their requirements.

NOTICE.

Those desiring to go to the World's Fair and who could not otherwise do so, can address us at once for full particulars. This offer does not apply to persons of means who are in a position to meet the expenses of such a trip themselves, but to enterprising, intelligent young men and women who can appreciate such an opportunity and make the most of it. Teachers, clergymen, students, farmers' bright sons and daughters, in fact any and all possessing energy, enterprise and character will be eligible.

THE CHANCE OF A LIFETIME.

Every young man or woman who desires to go to Chicago and see the wonders of the greatest exhibition the world has ever known, should address us at once. Such an opportunity is rarely offered and the trip will be the event of a lifetime to those who go. Address

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Horse-shoeing a Specialty

NEIL ANKER,

DRAYMAN,

UKIAH, CAL.

Moving pianos, household furniture, boxes, trunks, or freight of any description to or from trains, or wherever desired about Ukiah or vicinity, at very reasonable prices. Leave orders [illegible] trunks, baggage, etc., in order box at Grand Hotel. Your work is solicited. Feb21tf

FOR SALE.

141 acres, 4 miles from Willits, 20 from Ukiah; A creek of pure cold water runs all the year. $8 per acre Address, or inquire at

HULBERT'S GOLDEN RULE NURSERY.

WILLITS, CAL.

Wilson & Irvine,

COMMISSION : MERCHANTS,

106 Davis St., San Francisco.

Wool, Potatoes, Beans, Grain, Butter, Poultry, Cheese, Dried Fruits, Etc.

WHELAN'S SAMPLE ROOMS—Free Lunch from 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.

365 Days in the Year

FOR 365 days in the year we run the Best General Merchandise Store in Ukiah. Everything that Men, Women and Children want is to be had of us. Our prices satisfy.

C. HOFMAN'S Cheap Cash Store UKIAH, CAL.

DUNCAN SPRINGS HOTEL.

SANEL P. O., MENDOCINO CO. CAL.

O. HOWELL, Proprietor.

This new, three-story hotel is now completed and will be opened to the public May 1st, 1891. It will be first-class in every respect. Two billiard rooms, one of which is fitted up especially for ladies. Ten fine bathrooms. Free bus to and from all trains. By telegraphing or sending a postal the day before, parties from Ukiah and points north will be met at the depot with a carriage. The Springs are only five hours from San Francisco.

BOARD FROM $10 TO $12 PER WEEK.

These Springs are located 1¼ miles from Hopland Station on a beautiful knoll overlooking the famous Sanel Valley, in one of the most delightful locations in in the state. There are several springs included in this property, but the main one is the Duncan Spring of which the following is an analysis:

Bicarb. Magnesia, 90.11; Chloride Magnesia, 1.41; Sulphate Magnesia, 1.64; Bicarb. Lime, 15.64; Silica, 6.94; Bicarb. Potash and Bicarb. Soda, 2.37; Free Carbonic Acid, 36.27 grains per gallon. Specific gravity of water, 1.00184.

The diseases for which this water has become particularly celebrated are Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia and all diseases of the Blood and Skin.

Several neat cottages can be obtained for housekeeping. Pleasant Camp Ground and good shade. For further particulars address, O. HOWELL Proprietor.

Thatcher Hotel

HOPLAND STATION, SANEL, CAL.

W. W. THATCHER, - - - - Proprietor.

This hotel has just been completed, and is one of the finest north of San Francisco. It has all the modern improvements, the rooms are large and well lighted. Water supply the best in the state. Only 4½ hours from San Francisco. Situated 1⅛ miles from Duncan Springs, to which a 'bus will be run to accommodate the guests of the hotel.

FIRST-CLASS IN ALL ITS APPOINTMENTS.

Stages leave this hotel daily for Lakeport, Bartlett Springs, Highland Springs, Soda Bay, and other Lake County health and pleasure resorts. Passengers for above points have 30 minutes for dinner.

MEYERS & KING,

—PROPRIETORS OF—

THE PEERLESS SALOON,

Keep constantly on hand the best brands of

Wines, Liquors & Cigars

The place is one of the neatest and best arranged in town.

CORNER SCHOOL AND STANDLEY STS., UKIAH, CAL

The Perfection —OF— Riding Plows, "Solid Comfort."

Sold under guarantee to do better and easier work than any plow made.

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Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging, Kalsomining, Etc., done to order and in the best style.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

Shop in old PRESS building, corner of School and Smith Streets,

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REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

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Buy and sell Real Estate on commission, negotiate loans, collect rents, search records, and anything else that comes within the lines of a real estate and commission business. We have for sale a large list of City and Country property, improved and unimproved in which we are prepared to give positive bargains.

The Following is a Partial List:

FARM NEAR UKIAH TO EXCHANGE FOR A Stock ranch.

5000 ACRES OF GRAZING LAND NEAR Long Valley; inclosed; house and barn and sheep corral; title, U. S. patent—$5.00 per acre.

420 ACRES IN LITTLE LAKE VALLEY, well improved, all level land, fine location for a dairy; title U. S. patent.

320 ACRES OF FINE REDWOOD ON NAvarro Ridge, ten miles from shipping point. On this land there is a large lot of tan bark; title perfect.

480 ACRES OF MOUNTAIN LAND 8 MILES from Ukiah; well timbered and much of it good fruit land. $10 per acre; terms easy.

16 ACRES ONE MILE FROM UKIAH, 5 acres in prunes and Bartlett pears; well fenced, no buildings.

1440 ACRES 25 MILES FROM UKIAH, consisting of grazing and farming land and known as the "Traveler's Home." An excellent hotel stand; on the road to Round Valley.

320 ACRES IN LITTLE LAKE VALLEY—160 acres in cultivation; all fenced and other improvements good; convenient to school and Postoffice.

320 ACRES OF REDWOOD LAND IN T. 15 R 14; Title perfect.

960 ACRES OF REDWOOD LAND IN T. 17, R. 14; title perfect.

126 ACRES 2 MILES FROM UKIAH, 100 acres in cultivation, improvements fair, good water and plenty of fire wood.

130 ACRES 8 MILES SOUTH OF UKIAH, 4 acres good bottom land; well fenced; no buildings; adjoins a railroad station; plenty of wood and water.

160 ACRES OF REDWOOD AND TANBARK oak on west side of Anderson Valley. Tanbark can be cut out conveniently. Title perfect.

18 ACRES ON EAST SIDE OF UKIAH VALley; 8 acres bearing orchard and vineyard. Good fencing and buildings. For any one wanting a cheap home this is very desirable property.

800 ACRES NEAR HOT SPRINGS; 50 ACRES in cultivation, balance timber and grazing land; 480 acres fenced; well watered.

320 ACRES NEAR HOT SPRINGS, WELL improved; 60 acres in cultivation; all under fence.

300 ACRES IN ANDERSON VALLEY, WELL improved: 160 acres in cultivation; fine orchard; well watered; plenty of timber.

5 ACRES OF LAND, 3 MILES FROM UKIAH, fair house and barn, small orchard, chicken house all arranged for poultry business. Price $600.

10 ACRES ¾ OF A MILE FROM COURT house. House of seven rooms, barn and outbuildings, fine well of water, 5 acres in Bartlett pears and prunes. The soil the best Russian River bottom. A fine home. Price $3500.

GOOD LOCATION FOR A LIVERY STAble in Point Arena, lot 85 by 100 with good building. This property is known as the Allman Stage stable. Price $1100.

BLACKSMITH SHOP, STOCK AND TOOLS in a town with good farming country surrounding. Has a good business. Very reasonable.

LOT IN CENTRAL LOCATION IN UKIAH, has two good dwellings, one renting for $20, the other for $10 per month. See this property.

House and Lot in Western addition to Ukiah house hard finished and very convenient. Lot 200 x 220 ft. Will be sold at a bargain.

NEAT 5-room cottage. Lot 50x185, well fenced, stable, chicken house, etc., fine garden. Snug little home: worth $1000. Price $650, half cash.

18 ACRES of Russian River bottom; 1½ miles from from Hopland, Mendocino Co. Small house, barn for four horses. 10 acres of this land will grow 2000 pounds of hops to an acre, Price $1300.

160 ACRES of foot hill land near Hopland, 60 acres suitable for orchard. This place has at least 5000 cords of black oak timber. 100 cords now cut, Price $1600.

WILL sell lots in Todd's addition for a limited time at reduced figures.

HOTEL of 16 rooms with bar and fixtures, doing a good business in one of the best coast towns in Mendocino county. This is a fine corner property and rents for $1000 per annum. Price $5200.

A BEAUTIFUL farm of 67 acres adjoining Ukiah; well improved, large hard finished house of eight rooms, good barn and outbuildings, bearing orchard, all Russian River bottom of fine quality. Price $10500.

Parties desiring fire insurance should call on J. R. Johnson.

Real Estate Agents.

Deposits Received from $1 and Upwards.

PEOPLE'S HOME SAVINGS BANK

MONEY SAVED IS MONEY EARNED. DEPOSIT IN A GOOD SAVINGS BANK. 805 Market St. cor. 4th St., SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

Pacific Bank, Treasurer.

Capital Stock, - $1,000,000

Paid up in Cash.............. $333,333.33
Subject to Call.............. 666,666.67

PAYS INTEREST FROM DATE OF DEPOSIT.

Interest per annum for last two years: 5.52% on TERM Deposits. 4.60% on ORDINARY Deposits.

In connection with the Bank are the SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS, on the street floor with the Bank.

THE STRONGEST, WITHOUT EXCEPTION, ON THE COAST.

Steel Safes, under the Renter's Individual Control, from $4.00 to $50.00 per Year.

Trunks and Valuable Packages, taken on storage at reasonable rates.

Burglar-Proof, Fire-Proof, centrally located and easy of access.

Handsome, well-lighted, secluded and separate rooms for the use of safe renters.

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It is doing wonders in encouraging small savings and in pleasantly inculcating in youthful minds valuable lessons of thrift and economy.

THE Stamps and all information may be had from our Agents or on application at the bank.

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San Francisco, California, July 1, 1891.

R. H. McDonald Prest. F. V. McDonald, Cashier. R. H. McDonald, Jr. Vice-President.

PACIFIC BANK

Established 1863.

Capital Stock	$1,000,000.00
Surplus	$800,000.00
Undivided Profits,	23,000.00
Total,	1,823,000.00
Average Resources,	4,541,000.00
Yearly Volume of Business,	235,000,000.00

(B) R. H. McDONALD, Prest.
San Francisco, California, July 1, 1891.

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FACE BLEACH

Removes Sunburn, Sallowness, Freckles, Moth-patches, Pimples, Blackheads and every discoloration or blemish of the skin. Prompt, reliable, harmless. It never fails. Now that the summer is nearly over it is time to restore your complexion to its pristine beauty, purity, clearness and whiteness. Mrs. Graham's Face Bleach is guaranteed to do this in every case. For sale by all druggists. Price $1.50. Three bottles for $3.00.

MRS. GERVAISE GRAHAM "Beauty Doctor" 103 Post Street, San Francisco, treats ladies for all blemishes of the face or figure. Ladies at a distance treated by letter. Send stamp for her little book "How to be Beautiful."

A full line of Mrs. Graham's elegant toilet preparation

FOR SALE BY

J. N. MAGEE,

DRUGGIST UKIAH, CAL.

DR. HARTER'S TRADE MARK. THE ONLY TRUE IRON TONIC

Will Purify the Blood, regulate the Liver and Kidneys and Restore the Health and Vigor of Youth. Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Lack of Strength and Tired Feeling absolutely cured. Bones, muscles and nerves receive new force. Enlivens the mind and supplies Brain Power.

LADIES Suffering from complaints peculiar to their sex will find in DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC a safe and speedy cure. Gives a clear, healthy complexion. Frequent attempts at counterfeiting only add to the popularity of the original. Do not experiment—get the ORIGINAL and BEST.

(Dr. HARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS Cure Constipation, Liver Complaint and Sick Headache. Sample Dose and Dream Book mailed on receipt of two cents in postage.)

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